

Targa recognizes the importance of environmental quality and biodiversity in areas in which we operate. We believe that all of our stakeholders, including local communities, stand to gain valuable benefits from diverse and healthy ecological surroundings. We identify biodiversity priority areas, including areas of protected conservation status or endangered species habitat, and ensure plans are made for each area to minimize or avoid impacts. We are committed to implementing our biodiversity management plans in priority areas.

Targa seeks to limit impacts on ecosystems and their biodiversity in areas where we work and/or operate in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations from key federal agencies, such as the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Bureau of Land Management, Bureau of Indian Affairs, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Marine Fisheries Service, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, as well as other applicable state and local agencies.

To further our goal of minimizing impacts on ecosystems and their biodiversity within and around our projects, our planning efforts follow the best practice mitigation hierarchy approach set forth below, based on the nature of the project and project area:

- Environmental Desktop Review – Identify, assess, and evaluate any environmental ecosystem and biodiversity topics (such as threatened and endangered species habitats, wetlands, etc.). Identify any coordinating agencies (federal, state, and local) for all projects.
- Limit Impact – In areas where impacts are identified, determine potential alternative scenarios and outcomes related to proposed projects to ascertain any avoidance or mitigation measures to reduce impacts to protected species and ecosystems.
- Collaborate – Strive to foster cooperative relationships with landowners and stakeholders, to include federal, state, and local agencies, to successfully manage and mitigate construction and/or operational impacts to property.
- Restore – Seek to restore ecosystems and habitat compositions to original or equivalent conditions prior to construction and/or operational impacts.
- Mitigate – In areas where impacts cannot be avoided, develop and apply conservation measures to offset essential project impacts.