

Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2023 Earnings Supplement

February 15, 2024 | TARGA RESOURCES CORP.

Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements in this presentation are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included in this release that address activities, events or developments that the Company expects, believes or anticipates will or may occur in the future, are forward-looking statements, including statements regarding our projected financial performance, capital spending and payment of future dividends.

These forward-looking statements rely on a number of assumptions concerning future events and are subject to a number of uncertainties, factors and risks, many of which are outside the Company's control, which could cause results to differ materially from those expected by management of the Company. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, actions by the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries ("OPEC") and non-OPEC oil producing countries, weather, political, economic and market conditions, including a decline in the price and market demand for natural gas, natural gas liquids and crude oil, the timing and success of our completion of capital projects and business development efforts, the expected growth of volumes on our systems, the impact of pandemics or any other public health crises, commodity price volatility due to ongoing or new global conflicts, the impact of disruptions in the bank and capital markets, including those resulting from lack of access to liquidity for banking and financial services firms, and other uncertainties.

These and other applicable uncertainties, factors and risks are described more fully in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including its most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, and any subsequently filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K. The Company does not undertake an obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

We use any of the following to comply with our disclosure obligations under Regulation FD: press releases, SEC filings, public conference calls, or our website. We routinely post important information on our website at www.targaresources.com, including information that may be deemed to be material. We encourage investors and others interested in the company to monitor these distribution channels for material disclosures.



2023 in Review – Continuing to Execute Across Strategic Priorities

Integrated NGL business and strong business fundamentals continue to drive increasing cash flow outlook

RECORD Volumes

- Permian volumes averaged ~5.3 Bcf/d⁽¹⁾ in 4Q23, +11% vs. 4Q22
- Driving record NGL pipeline transportation, fractionation, and LPG export volumes

RECORD Adjusted EBITDA

- Adjusted EBITDA⁽²⁾ +22%
- Adjusted EBITDA⁽²⁾ +\$629MM
- EBITDA guidance achieved despite significantly lower commodity prices

~\$800MM Capital Returned

- Increased YoY capital returned to shareholders
- >40% increase to quarterly common dividend
- Record \$374 million common share repurchases

(1) Reported Permian natural gas inlet volumes.

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. Please see the section of this presentation entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for a discussion of adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of such measure to its most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

Operational Performance – Gathering & Processing Segment

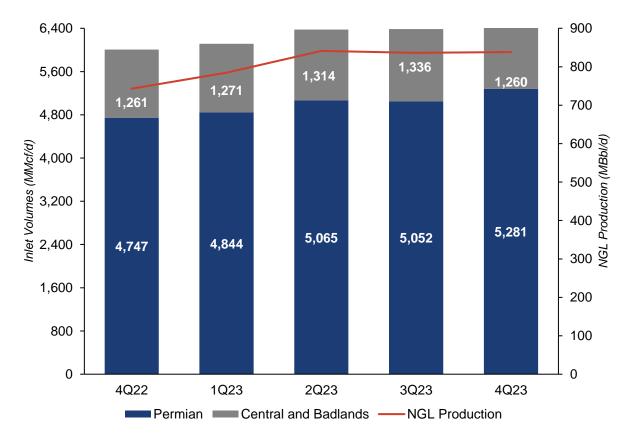
4Q23 Highlights

Field G&P Natural Gas Inlet Volumes

- Record Targa volumes in the Permian Basin attributable to continued strong activity levels across Permian Midland and Permian Delaware systems
 - > New 275 MMcf/d Wildcat II plant in Permian Delaware commenced operations at the end of the fourth quarter



Field G&P Natural Gas Inlet Volumes and NGL Production

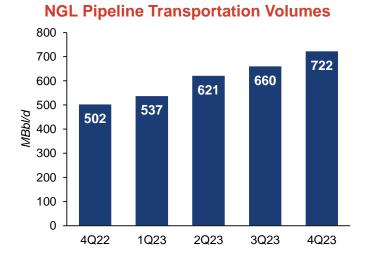


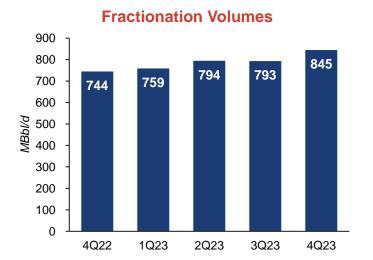
Operational Performance – Logistics & Transportation Segment

4Q23 Highlights

NGL Pipeline Transportation, Fractionation, and LPG Export Services

- Record NGL pipeline transportation and fractionation volumes driven by higher supply primarily from Targa's Permian G&P systems
- Record LPG export volumes as Targa is benefitting from its recently completed expansion and due to improved market conditions



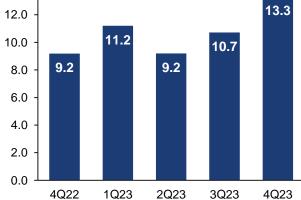




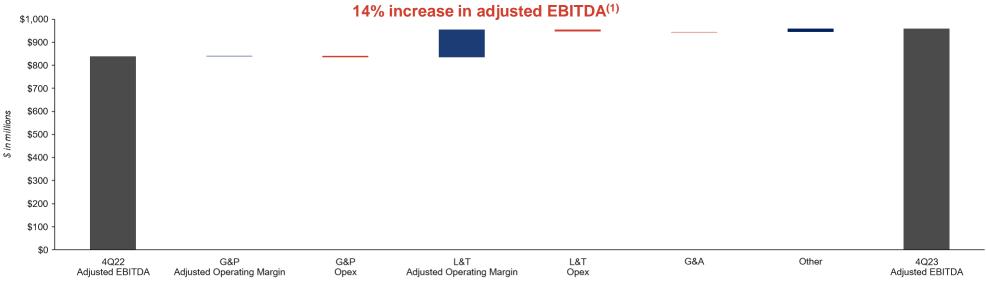
Export Volumes

14.0

MMBbl/Month



Financial Performance – 4Q 2023 vs. 4Q 2022



G&P segment operating margin decreased \$8 million⁽²⁾

- Higher Permian inlet volumes driven by system expansions and continued strong producer activity in the Permian
- + Higher fees predominantly in the Permian
- Lower commodity prices
- Higher operating expenses associated with increased Permian volumes and system expansions

Other

- + Higher adjusted EBITDA contribution from the acquisition of remaining 25% interest in Grand Prix NGL Pipeline in January 2023
- (1) Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted operating margin are non-GAAP measures. Please see the section of this presentation entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for a discussion of adjusted EBITDA and adjusted operating margin and a reconciliation to their respective most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.
- (2) Inclusive of realized hedge gain/(loss).

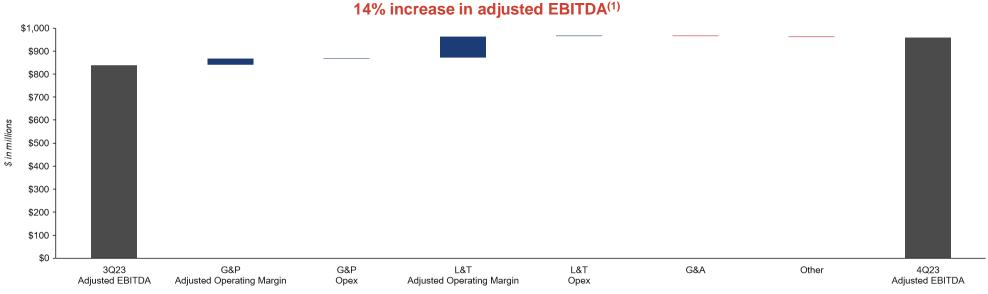


RGA Q4 2023 EARNINGS SUPPLEMENT PRESENTATION

L&T segment operating margin increased \$113 million

- + Higher NGL pipeline transportation and fractionation volumes
- + Higher LPG export volumes
- Lower marketing margin
- Higher operating expenses due to higher repairs and maintenance, compensation and benefits

Financial Performance – 4Q 2023 vs. 3Q 2023



G&P segment operating margin increased \$31 million⁽²⁾

- Higher Permian inlet volumes driven by system expansions and continued strong producer activity
- Lower commodity prices

L&T segment operating margin increased \$97 million

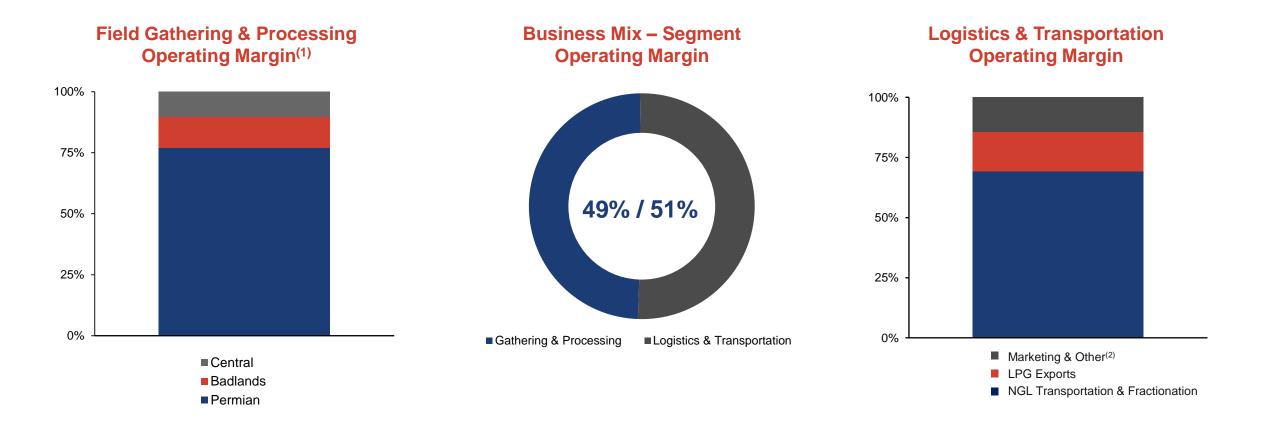
- + Higher NGL pipeline transportation and fractionation volumes
- + Higher LPG export volumes
- + Higher marketing margin
- + Lower operating expenses due to lower repairs and maintenance, lower taxes, partially offset by higher compensation and benefits

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(2) Inclusive of realized hedge gain/(loss).



Business Mix – 4Q 2023



(1) Fully consolidated operating margin; includes 100% interest in Badlands and excludes Coastal.

(2) Marketing & Other includes Domestic NGL Marketing, Wholesale Propane, Refinery Services, Commercial Transportation, and Gas Marketing

2024 Outlook

Increasing system volumes drive strong projected growth in Adjusted EBITDA

	2024 ESTIMATES
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$3,700 - \$3,900 million
Net Growth Capex	\$2,300 - \$2,500 million
Net Maintenance Capex	\$225 million

+8% YoY growth in Adjusted EBITDA driven by:

- Continued Permian volume growth
- Higher G&P and L&T system volumes
- FY contributions from system expansions completed in 2023 and expansions coming online in 2024



(1) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. Year over year growth based on midpoint of projected 2024 adjusted EBITDA range. Please see the section of this presentation entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for a discussion of adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of such measure to its most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

(2) Targa's composite NGL barrel comprises 44% ethane, 32% propane,11% normal butane, 4% isobutane and 9% natural gasoline.

(3) Commodity price sensitivity for 2024E inclusive of a number of factors, including unhedged exposure, fee floor arrangements and any associated fee floor hedges, NGL barrel composition and recovery economics. Price sensitivity only; assumes no volume or other operational changes

(4) Fee-based profile based on fully consolidated 2024E adjusted operating margin.

Illustrative Capital Spending Summary

Capital spending at ~5.5x multiple drives ~\$300MM+ of YoY increasing EBITDA



Current expectations for 2025 net growth capital is ~\$1.4 billion as key downstream expansions are completed by early 2025, driving downstream spending below multi-year average in 2025

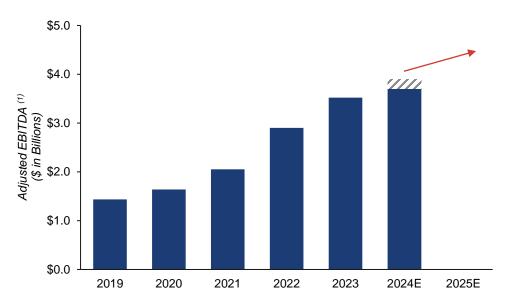
) Estimated growth capital spending to maintain current Targa Permian inlet gas volumes.

2) Estimated growth capital spending to support continued annual high single digit percentage growth in Targa Permian inlet gas volumes.

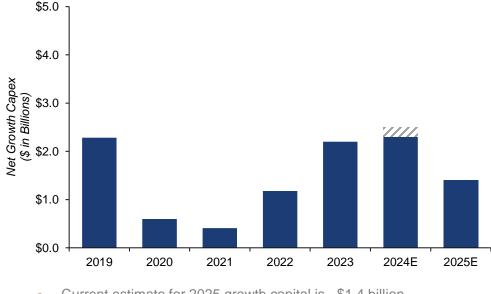
EBITDA Growth Outlook and Ramping FCF Profile

Permian volume growth outlook and the completion of integrated NGL projects drive compelling adjusted FCF⁽¹⁾ outlook

Industry Leading Adjusted EBITDA Growth⁽¹⁾



- Projected +165% Adjusted EBITDA growth 2019 2024E⁽²⁾
- Anticipate continued growth in Adjusted EBITDA beyond 2024 driven by
 Permian volume growth



Capex Meaningfully Steps Down in 2025

Current estimate for 2025 growth capital is ~\$1.4 billion

• Benefit from operating leverage from NGL fractionation and pipeline transportation additions in 2024 and early 2025

Guidance Range

(1) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Free Cash Flow (FCF) are non-GAAP measures. Please see the section of this presentation entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for a discussion of adjusted EBITDA and adjusted free cash flow (FCF) and a reconciliation to their respective most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

2) Projected adjusted EBITDA growth based on midpoint of projected 2024E Adjusted EBITDA range over 2019 Adjusted EBITDA.

Strong Growth Supports Increasing Return of Capital

Completion of announced growth projects expected to drive meaningful ramp in adjusted FCF⁽¹⁾ profile

Continued Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ growth + meaningful step down in capex = Significant FCF



Growing EBITDA

- Permian growth drives increasing system volumes, driving strong EBITDA growth outlook
- Increasing cash flow contributions from large capital projects underway

Lower Capital Spending

 Meaningful step down in 2025E growth capex attributable to completion of NGL transportation and fractionation expansions

Increasing Return of Capital

• Expect to be able to grow common dividends meaningfully beyond 2024, complemented with active opportunistic share repurchase program

Strong Balance Sheet

Expect leverage comfortably in the long-term leverage target ratio range of 3.0 – 4.0x

(1) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Free Cash Flow (FCF) are non-GAAP measures. Please see the section of this presentation entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for a discussion of adjusted EBITDA and adjusted free cash flow (FCF) and a reconciliation to their respective most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.







Hedge Disclosures

Hedges provide cash flow stability and reduce exposure to commodity prices on non fee-based G&P contract exposure

FIXED PRICE SWAPS	Volumes Hedged	Wtd. Avg. Hedge Price	Volumes Hedged	Wtd. Avg. Hedge Price		
		2024	202	5		
Natural Gas <i>(MMBtu/d; \$/MMBtu)</i>	105,377	\$3.01	58,179	\$3.55		
Wtd Avg NGL (Bbl/d; \$/Gal) ⁽¹⁾	28,492	\$0.66	19,340	\$0.58		
WTI Crude Oil (Bbl/d; \$/Bbl)	4,531	\$71.75	3,447	\$69.12		

(1) Targa's composite NGL barrel comprises 44% ethane, 32% propane,11% normal butane, 4% isobutane and 9% natural gasoline



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation includes the Company's non-GAAP financial measures: adjusted EBITDA, adjusted operating margin, distributable cash flow, and adjusted free cash flow. The following tables provide reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures.

The Company utilizes non-GAAP measures to analyze the Company's performance. Adjusted EBITDA, distributable cash flow, adjusted free cash flow and adjusted operating margin (segment) are non-GAAP measures. The GAAP measures most directly comparable to these non-GAAP measures are income (loss) from operations, Net income (loss) attributable to Targa Resources Corp. and segment operating margin. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered as an alternative to GAAP measures and have important limitations as analytical tools. Investors should not consider these measures in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of the Company's results as reported under GAAP. Additionally, because the Company's non-GAAP measures exclude some, but not all, items that affect income and segment operating margin, and are defined differently by different companies within the Company's industry, the Company's definitions may not be comparable with similarly titled measures of other companies, thereby diminishing their utility. Management compensates for the limitations of the Company's non-GAAP measures and incorporating these insights into the Company's comparable with similarly between the measures and incorporating these insights into the Company's decision-making processes.

Adjusted EBITDA

The Company defines adjusted EBITDA as Net income (loss) attributable to Targa Resources Corp. before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and other items that the Company believes should be adjusted consistent with the Company's core operating performance. The adjusting items are detailed in the adjusted EBITDA reconciliation table and its footnotes. Adjusted EBITDA is used as a supplemental financial measure by the Company and by external users of the Company's financial statements such as investors, commercial banks and others to measure the ability of the Company's assets to generate cash sufficient to pay interest costs, support the Company's indebtedness and pay dividends to the Company's investors.

Adjusted Operating Margin

The Company defines adjusted operating margin for our segments as revenues less product purchases and fuel. It is impacted by volumes and commodity prices as well as by our contract mix and commodity hedging program.

Gathering and Processing adjusted operating margin consists primarily of:

Service fees related to natural gas and crude oil gathering, treating and processing; and revenues from the sale of natural gas, condensate, crude oil and NGLs less producer settlements, fuel and transport and the Company's equity volume hedge settlements.

Logistics and Transportation adjusted operating margin consists primarily of:

- Service fees (including the pass-through of energy costs included in fee rates); system product gains and losses; and NGL and natural gas sales, less NGL and natural gas purchases, fuel, third-party transportation costs and the net inventory change.
- Adjusted operating margin for the Company's segments provides useful information to investors because it is used as a supplemental financial measure by management and by external users of our financial statements, including investors and commercial banks, to assess:
 - The financial performance of the Company's assets without regard to financing methods, capital structure or historical cost basis; the Company's operating performance and return on capital as compared to other companies in the midstream energy sector, without regard to financing or capital structure; and the viability of capital expenditure projects and acquisitions and the overall rates of return on alternative investment opportunities.

Distributable Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow

The Company defines distributable cash flow as adjusted EBITDA less cash interest expense on debt obligations, cash tax (expense) benefit and maintenance capital expenditures (net of any reimbursements of project costs). The Company defines adjusted free cash flow as distributable cash flow less growth capital expenditures, net of contributions from noncontrolling interest and net contributions to investments in unconsolidated affiliates. Distributable cash flow and adjusted free cash flow are performance measures used by the Company and by external users of the Company's financial statements, such as investors, commercial banks and research analysts, to assess the Company's ability to generate cash earnings (after servicing the Company's debt and funding capital expenditures) to be used for corporate purposes, such as payment of dividends, retirement of debt or redemption of other financing arrangements.



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	Three Months Ended,					
	Decem	ber 31, 2023	-	ber 30, 2023	Decen	nber 31, 2022
			(in r	nillions)		
Reconciliation of Net income (loss) attributable to Targa Resources Corp. to Adjusted EBITDA						
Net income (loss) attributable to Targa Resources Corp.	\$	299.6	\$	220.0	\$	318
Interest (income) expense, net		178.0		175.1		145
Income tax expense (benefit)		102.5		53.9		S
Depreciation and amortization expense		341.4		331.3		329
(Gain) loss on sale or disposition of assets		(1.3)		(0.9)		(1
Write-down of assets		0.8		3.4		6
(Gain) loss from financing activities		2.1		_		
(Gain) loss from sale of equity method investment		_		_		
Transaction costs related to business acquisition (1)				_		3
Equity (earnings) loss		(2.8)		(3.0)		(0
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates and preferred						
partner interests, net		4.5		5.3		Ę
Compensation on equity grants		16.7		15.7		15
Risk management activities		18.8		33.5		-
Noncontrolling interests adjustments (2)		(0.4)		(1.0)		(
Litigation Expense (3)				6.9		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	959.9	\$	840.2	\$	840

(1) Includes financial advisory, legal and other professional fees, and other one-time transaction costs.

(2) Noncontrolling interest portion of depreciation and amortization expense.

(a) Litigation expense includes charges related to litigation resulting from the major winter storm in February 2021 that the Company considers outside the ordinary course of its business and/or not reflective of its ongoing core operations. The Company may incur such charges from time to time, and the Company believes it is useful to exclude such charges because it does not consider them reflective of its ongoing core operations and because of the generally singular nature of the claims underlying such litigation.



	 2023	 Ye 2022	ar En	ded December 2021	r 31,	2020	 2019		
Reconciliation of Net income (loss) attributable to Targa Resources Corp.			(lı	n millions)					
to Adjusted EBITDA, Distributable Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash									
Net income (loss) attributable to Targa Resources Corp.	\$ 1,345.9	\$ 1,195.5	\$	71.2	\$	(1,553.9)	\$ (209.2)		
Income attributable to TRP preferred limited partners	—			_		15.1	11.3	(1)	Includes the change in estimated redemption value of the
Interest (income) expense, net (1)	687.8	446.1		387.9		391.3	337.8	(.)	mandatorily redeemable preferred interests.
Income tax expense (benefit)	363.2	131.8		14.8		(248.1)	(87.9)	(2)	Gains or losses on debt repurchases or early debt
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,329.6	1,096.0		870.6		865.1	971.6	(3)	extinguishments. Includes financial advisory, legal and other professional fees,
Impairment of long-lived assets	—			452.3		2,442.8	225.3	(-7	and other one-time transaction costs.
(Gain) loss on sale or disposition of business and assets	(5.3)	(9.6)		2.0		58.4	71.1	(4)	Risk management activities related to derivative instruments including the cash impact of hedges acquired in the 2015
Write-down of assets	6.9	9.8		10.3		55.6	17.9		mergers with Atlas Energy L.P. and Atlas Pipeline Partners
(Gain) loss from financing activities (2)	2.1	49.6		16.6		(45.6)	1.4		L.P. The cash impact of the acquired hedges ended in
(Gain) loss from sale of equity-method investment	—	(435.9)		—		—	(69.3)	(5)	December 2017. Represents one-time severance and related benefit expense
Transaction costs related to business acquisition (3)	—	23.9		—		—	—	(3)	related to the Company's cost reduction measures.
Equity (earnings) loss	(9.0)	(9.1)		23.9		(72.6)	(39.0)	(6)	Noncontrolling interest portion of depreciation and
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates and preferred partner interests, net	18.6	27.2		116.5		108.6	61.2		amortization expense (including the effects of the impairment of long-lived assets on non-controlling interests).
Change in contingent considerations	—	_		0.1		(0.3)	8.7	(7)	Charges related to litigation resulting from winter storm in
Compensation on equity grants	62.4	57.5		59.2		66.2	60.3	(-)	February 2021 unreflective of our ongoing core operations.
Risk management activities (4)	(275.4)	302.5		116.0		(228.2)	112.8	(8)	Beginning in the second quarter of 2019, we revised our reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) attributable to TRC to
Severance and related benefits (5)	—	_		_		6.5	_		Adjusted EBITDA to exclude the Splitter Agreement
Noncontrolling interests adjustments (6)	(3.7)	15.8		(89.4)		(224.3)	(38.5)		adjustment previously included in the comparative periods presented herein. For all comparative periods presented, our
Litigation expense (7)	 6.9						 		Adjusted EBITDA measure previously included the Splitter
Adjusted EBITDA (8)	\$ 3,530.0	\$ 2,901.1	\$	2,052.0	\$	1,636.6	\$ 1,435.5		Agreement adjustment, which represented the recognition of
Distributions to TRP preferred limited partners	—			—		(15.1)	(11.3)		the annual cash payment received under the condensate splitter agreement ratably over four quarters. The effect of
Interest expense on debt obligations (9)	(675.8)	(447.6)		(376.2)		(388.9)	(342.1)		these revisions reduced TRC's Adjusted EBITDA by \$75.2
Maintenance capital expenditures, net (10)	(223.4)	(168.1)		(131.7)		(104.2)	(134.9)		million and \$43.0 million for 2018 and 2017. There was no
Cash taxes	(13.6)	(6.7)		(2.7)		44.4	 	(9)	impact to Distributable Cash Flow. Excludes amortization of interest expense.
Distributable Cash Flow	\$ 2,617.2	\$ 2,278.7	\$	1,541.4	\$	1,172.8	\$ 947.2	(10)	Represents capital expenditures, net of contributions from
Growth capital expenditures, net (10)	 (2,224.5)	 (1,177.2)		(407.7)		(597.9)	 (2,281.7)		noncontrolling interests and includes net contributions to investments in unconsolidated affiliates.
Adjusted Free Cash Flow	\$ 392.7	\$ 1,101.5	\$	1,133.7	\$	574.9	\$ (1,334.5)		



	Three Months Ended,					
	December 31, 2023		Septem	ber 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	
			(in r	nillions)		
Gathering and Processing Segment						
Operating margin	\$	536.3	\$	505.0	\$	544.0
Operating expenses		185.7		189.6		177.3
Adjusted operating margin	\$	722.0	\$	694.6	\$	721.3
Logistics and Transportation Segment						
Operating margin	\$	554.2	\$	457.4	\$	441.6
Operating expenses		84.4		88.8		74.4
Adjusted operating margin	\$	638.6	\$	546.2	\$	516.0



	Full `	Year 2024E		
	(in millions)			
Reconciliation of Estimated Net Income attributable to				
Targa Resources Corp. to Estimated Adjusted EBITDA				
Net income attributable to Targa Resources Corp.	\$	1,185.0		
Interest expense, net		730.0		
Income tax expense		475.0		
Depreciation and amortization expense		1,350.0		
Equity earnings		(15.0)		
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates		20.0		
Compensation on equity grants		65.0		
Risk management and other ⁽¹⁾		_		
Noncontrolling interests adjustments ⁽²⁾		(10.0)		
Estimated Adjusted EBITDA	\$	3,800.0		

(1) Noncontrolling interest portion of depreciation and amortization expense.





Targa is a leading provider of midstream services and is one of the largest independent midstream infrastructure companies in North America. Our operations are critical to the efficient, safe, and reliable delivery of energy across the United States and increasingly to the world. Our assets connect natural gas and natural gas liquids (NGLs) to domestic and international markets with growing demand for cleaner fuels and feedstocks.

GENERAL INQUIRIES/CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS

811 LOUISIANA STREET, SUITE 2100 HOUSTON, TX 77002 PHONE: 713.584.1133 EMAIL: InvestorRelations@targaresources.com

WWW.TARGARESOURCES.COM

