UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2021

or

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number: 001-34991



TARGA RESOURCES CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

811 Louisiana St, Suite 2100, Houston, Texas

(Address of principal executive offices)

20-3701075 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> 77002 (Zip Code)

(713) 584-1000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of exchange on which registered
Common Stock	TRGP	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \square No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer☑Non-accelerated filer□

Accelerated filer	
Smaller reporting company	
Emerging growth company	

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

As of October 29, 2021, there were 228,971,730 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value, outstanding.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Targa Resources Corp.'s (together with its subsidiaries, including Targa Resources Partners LP (the "Partnership" or "TRP"), "we," "us," "our," "Targa," "TRC," or the "Company") reports, filings and other public announcements may from time to time contain statements that do not directly or exclusively relate to historical facts. Such statements are "forward-looking statements." You can typically identify forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, by the use of forward-looking statements, such as "may," "could," "project," "believe," "anticipate," "expect," "estimate," "potential," "plan," "forecast" and other similar words.

All statements that are not statements of historical facts, including statements regarding our future financial position, business strategy, budgets, projected costs and plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements reflect our intentions, plans, expectations, assumptions and beliefs about future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are outside our control. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements include known and unknown risks. Known risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following risks and uncertainties:

- the level and success of crude oil and natural gas drilling around our assets, our success in connecting natural gas supplies to our gathering and processing systems, oil supplies to our gathering systems and natural gas liquid supplies to our logistics and transportation facilities and our success in connecting our facilities to transportation services and markets;
- the timing and extent of changes in natural gas, natural gas liquids, crude oil and other commodity prices, interest rates and demand for our services;
- our ability to access the capital markets, which will depend on general market conditions, the credit ratings for the Partnership's and our debt obligations, and demand for our common equity and the Partnership's senior notes;
- the impact of outbreaks of illnesses, pandemics (like COVID-19) or any other public health crises;
- the amount of collateral required to be posted from time to time in our transactions;
- our success in risk management activities, including the use of derivative instruments to hedge commodity price risks;
- the level of creditworthiness of counterparties to various transactions with us;
- changes in laws and regulations, particularly with regard to taxes, safety and protection of the environment;
- weather and other natural phenomena, and related impacts;
- industry changes, including the impact of consolidations and changes in competition;
- our ability to timely obtain and maintain necessary licenses, permits and other approvals;
- our ability to grow through internal growth capital projects or acquisitions and the successful integration and future performance of such assets;
- general economic, market and business conditions; and
- the risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 ("Annual Report") and our reports and registration statements filed from time to time with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

Although we believe that the assumptions underlying our forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could be inaccurate, and, therefore, we cannot assure you that the forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2021 ("Quarterly Report") will prove to be accurate. Some of these and other risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from such forward-looking statements are more fully described in our Annual Report. Except as may be required by applicable law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or advise of any change in any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

As generally used in the energy industry and in this Quarterly Report, the identified terms have the following meanings:

Bbl	Barrels (equal to 42 U.S. gallons)
BBtu	Billion British thermal units
Bcf	Billion cubic feet
Btu	British thermal units, a measure of heating value
/d	Per day
GAAP	Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America
gal	U.S. gallons
LPG	Liquefied petroleum gas
MBbl	Thousand barrels
MMBbl	Million barrels
MMBtu	Million British thermal units
MMcf	Million cubic feet
MMgal	Million U.S. gallons
NGL(s)	Natural gas liquid(s)
NYMEX	New York Mercantile Exchange
NYSE	New York Stock Exchange
SCOOP	South Central Oklahoma Oil Province
STACK	Sooner Trend, Anadarko, Canadian and Kingfisher

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

TARGA RESOURCES CORP. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

			Septe	mber 30, 2021	Dece	mber 31, 2020
				(Unau	udited)	
				(In mi	illions)	
		ASSETS				
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents			\$	228.6	\$	242.8
	s of \$3.6 million and \$0.	1 million at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020		1,291.0		862.8
Inventories				316.8		181.5
Assets from risk management activ	ities			82.7		85.5
Other current assets				74.2		87.7
Total current assets				1,993.3		1,460.3
Property, plant and equipment, net				11,922.4		12,173.6
Intangible assets, net				1,284.2		1,382.4
Long-term assets from risk managemen	t activities			13.4		49.3
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	;			674.6		714.0
Other long-term assets				84.8		96.1
Total assets			\$	15,972.7	\$	15,875.7
			<u> </u>		<u>.</u>	
	LIABIL	ITIES, SERIES A PREFERRED STOCK AND OWNERS' EQU	ITV			
Current liabilities:		THES, SERIES AT REPERKED STOCK MAD OWNERS EQU				
Accounts payable			\$	1,652.3	\$	833.8
Accrued liabilities			ψ	240.2	ψ	186.4
Distributions payable				71.0		115.4
Interest payable				79.9		132.6
Liabilities from risk management a	ctivities			472.3		142.6
Current debt obligations	cuvines			352.6		368.6
Total current liabilities				2.868.3		1.779.4
Long-term debt				6,434.1		7.387.1
Long-term liabilities from risk manager	mont activities			151.2		43.4
Deferred income taxes, net	lient activities			78.7		152.1
Other long-term liabilities				290.8		309.1
Contingencies (see Note 13)				250.0		505.1
	non chose liquidation prot	erence, (1,200,000 shares authorized, 919,300 shares issued and				
outstanding), net of discount (see Note		erence, (1,200,000 shares authorized, 515,500 shares issued and		749.7		301.4
Owners' equity:	,)			/ 43./		501.4
Targa Resources Corp. stockholder	s' oquity:					
Common stock (\$0.001 par value, 4		rized)		0.2		0.2
Common stock (\$0.001 par value,	Issued	Outstanding		0.2		0.2
September 30, 2021	236,086,963	228,962,972				
December 31, 2020	234,792,888	228,061,853				
		s A Preferred Stock: 98,800,000 shares authorized, no shares issued				
and outstanding)	ince acorgnation of Defie	s referred stock, 50,000,000 shares autiorized, no shares issued				_
Additional paid-in capital				4,299.7		4,839,9
Retained earnings (deficit)				(1,508.7)		(1,893.5)
Accumulated other comprehensive	income (loss)			(442.1)		(141.8)
), 2021 and 6,731,035 shares as of December 31, 2020)		(164.0)		(150.9)
Total Targa Resources Corp. st		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		2,185.1		2,653.9
Noncontrolling interests	contracto equity			3,214.8		3,249.3
Total owners' equity			-	5,399.9		5,903.2
Total liabilities, Series A Prefer	rred Stock and owners' or	nuitz	¢	15,972.7	\$	15,875.7
Total lidolities, Selles A Piele	ited Stock and Owners e	վաւյ	φ	15,572.7	φ	13,075.7

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

TARGA RESOURCES CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

		Three Months En	ded Se	eptember 30,		Nine Months End	led Sep	tember 30,
		2021		2020		2021		2020
				(Unau				
D				(In millions, except	per sha	are amounts)		
Revenues:	¢	4 110 1	¢	1.0.40.0	¢	10 577 0	¢	1 0 0 0
Sales of commodities Fees from midstream services	\$	4,118.1 341.6	\$	1,840.8 274.3	\$	10,577.3 930.9	\$	4,900.8 786.7
Total revenues								
Costs and expenses:		4,459.7		2,115.1		11,508.2		5,687.5
Product purchases and fuel		3,614.7		1,322.9		9,159.8		3,405.1
Operating expenses		189.4		1,522.9		545.3		506.8
Depreciation and amortization expense		222.8		203.7		545.5 650.9		647.3
General and administrative expense		67.3		58.6		192.4		180.6
Impairment of long-lived assets		07.3				192.4		2,442.8
Other operating (income) expense		(1.0)		72.2		3.4		73.8
Income (loss) from operations		366.5		295.5		956.4		(1,568.9)
Other income (expense):		500.5		200.0		550.4		(1,500.5)
Interest expense, net		(91.0)		(97.7)		(284.2)		(292.4)
Equity earnings (loss)		14.3		18.6		38.9		54.1
Gain (loss) from financing activities				(13.7)		(16.6)		47.4
Other, net		0.2		1.4		0.3		2.2
Income (loss) before income taxes		290.0		204.1		694.8		(1,757.6)
Income tax (expense) benefit		(2.0)		(31.9)		(23.5)		286.6
Net income (loss)		288.0		172.2		671.3		(1,471.0)
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		105.8		102.9		286.5		116.5
Net income (loss) attributable to Targa Resources Corp.		182.2		69.3		384.8		(1,587.5)
Dividends on Series A Preferred Stock		21.8		22.9		65.5		68.8
Deemed dividends on Series A Preferred Stock				9.5		_		27.7
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	160.4	\$	36.9	\$	319.3	\$	(1,684.0)
	-							
Net income (loss) per common share - basic	\$	0.70	\$	0.16	\$	1.40	\$	(7.22)
Net income (loss) per common share - diluted	\$	0.66	\$	0.16	\$	1.38	\$	(7.22)
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic		228.8		233.4		228.6		233.2
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted		276.4		233.8		231.6		233.2
			-					

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

TARGA RESOURCES CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Three Months Ended September 30,												
				2021			2020						
	Related Income Pre-Tax Tax After Tax						Р	re-Tax	Af	ter Tax			
)								
Net income (loss)					\$	288.0					\$	172.2	
Other comprehensive income (loss):													
Commodity hedging contracts:													
Change in fair value	\$	(294.7)	\$	71.2		(223.5)	\$	(128.7)	\$	31.7		(97.0)	
Settlements reclassified to revenues		100.4		(24.6)		75.8		(19.2)		3.8		(15.4)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(194.3)		46.6		(147.7)		(147.9)		35.5		(112.4)	
Comprehensive income (loss)						140.3						59.8	
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests						105.8						102.9	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Targa Resources Corp.					\$	34.5					\$	(43.1)	

	Nine Months Ended September 30,												
				2021			2020						
	P	re-Tax	Af	P	re-Tax	After Tax							
						(Unau (In mil							
Net income (loss)					\$	671.3					\$ (1,471.0)		
Other comprehensive income (loss):													
Commodity hedging contracts:													
Change in fair value	\$	(698.9)	\$	167.1		(531.8)	\$	(102.6)	\$	23.5	(79.1)		
Settlements reclassified to revenues		303.8		(72.3)		231.5		(139.4)		35.2	(104.2)		
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(395.1)		94.8	-	(300.3)		(242.0)		58.7	(183.3)		
Comprehensive income (loss)						371.0					(1,654.3)		
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests						286.5					116.5		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Targa Resources Corp.					\$	84.5					\$ (1,770.8)		

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

	Common	Stoc	k		litional iid in	l Earnings (Accumulated C			umulated Other prehensive		sury ares	Nonc	ontrolling	To Owi	tal 1er's		eries A eferred
	Shares	Am	ount	Ca	pital		Deficit)	Inco	me (Loss)	Shares	Amount	In	terests	Eq	uity	5	Stock
									(Unaudite	d)							
							(In r	nillion	s, except shar	es in thous	ands)						
Balance, June 30, 2021	228,655	\$	0.2	\$	4,330.8	\$	(1,690.9)	\$	(294.4)	7,016	\$ (159.5)	\$	3,210.3	\$ 5	,396.5	\$	749.7
Compensation on equity grants			—		14.7				_	_	_		_		14.7		_
Distribution equivalent rights			—		(1.1)		_		—	_	—		—		(1.1)		
Shares issued under compensation																	
program	416		—		—		—		_	—	—		—		—		_
Shares and units tendered for tax	(100)									400	(4 =)						
withholding obligations	(108)		—		_					108	(4.5)				(4.5)		—
Series A Preferred Stock dividends							(21.0)								(21.0)		
Dividends - \$23.75 per share			—		_		(21.8)			—					(21.8)		
Dividends in excess of retained					(21.8)		21.8										
earnings Common stock dividends					(21.0)		21.0			_	_		_				_
Dividends - \$0.10 per share							(22.9)								(22.9)		
Dividends in excess of retained					_		(22.9)								(22.9)		
earnings	_				(22.9)		22.9		_	_	_		_		_		_
Distributions to noncontrolling					()												
interests			_		_		_			_	_		(110.4)		(110.4)		_
Contributions from noncontrolling													. ,				
interests			—		_		_			—	—		9.1		9.1		—
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_		—		_		_		(147.7)	_	—		—		(147.7)		—
Net income (loss)							182.2						105.8		288.0		
Balance, September 30, 2021	228,963	\$	0.2	\$	4,299.7	\$	(1,508.7)	\$	(442.1)	7,124	<u>\$ (164.0</u>)	\$	3,214.8	\$ 5	399.9	\$	749.7

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

	<u>Common</u> Shares	 <u>ck</u> 10unt]	dditional Paid in Capital	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		asury ares Amount	Noncontrolling Interests		Total Owner's Equity		Pre	eries A eferred Stock
							(Unaudi								
						(In r	nillions, except sh	ares in thous	ands)						
Balance, June 30, 2020	233,177	\$ 0.2	\$	4,949.1	\$	(1,996.4)	\$ 21.6	1,116	\$ (56.9)	\$	3,351.5	\$ 6	6,269.1	\$	297.0
Compensation on equity grants	_	—		16.4		_	_	_	_		_		16.4		—
Distribution equivalent rights	—	—		1.9		—	_		—		—		1.9		—
Shares issued under compensation															
program	453	—				_	_	_	_		_		—		—
Shares and units tendered for tax															
withholding obligations	(112)	—		—		_	_	112	(2.1)		—		(2.1)		—
Series A Preferred Stock dividends															
Dividends - \$23.75 per share	—	—		—		(22.9)	_		—		—		(22.9)		—
Dividends in excess of retained															
earnings	_	—		(22.9)		22.9	_	_	_		_		—		—
Deemed dividends - accretion of															
beneficial conversion feature	_	—		(9.5)		—	—	_	—		—		(9.5)		9.5
Common stock dividends															
Dividends - \$0.10 per share		—		—		(23.3)	_	_	_		_		(23.3)		—
Dividends in excess of retained															
earnings	_	—		(23.3)		23.3	_	_	_		_		-		_
Distributions to noncontrolling															
interests	—	—									(113.1)		(113.1)		—
Contributions from noncontrolling															
interests	—	—				—	—		—		7.7		7.7		_
Non-cash allocation to noncontrolling															
interests	_			_		_		_	_		27.5		27.5		_
Other comprehensive income (loss)		—		-		_	(112.4)		—		—		(112.4)		_
Net income (loss)		 				69.3					102.9		172.2		
Balance, September 30, 2020	233,518	\$ 0.2	\$	4,911.7	\$	(1,927.1)	<u>\$ (90.8)</u>	1,228	<u>\$ (59.0)</u>	\$	3,376.5	\$ (6,211.5	\$	306.5

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

	Common Shares	 <u>k</u> ount	Additional Paid in Capital		Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudit	Shares			controlling iterests	Total Owner's Equity	Pr	eries A eferred Stock
					(In r	nillions, except sha		ands)					
Balance, December 31, 2020	228,062	\$ 0.2	\$ 4,839.9		\$ (1,893.5)	\$ (141.8)	6,731	\$ (150.9)	\$	3,249.3	\$ 5,903.2	\$	301.4
Impact of accounting standard adoption (see Note 3)	_	_	(448.3)	_	_	_	_		_	(448.3)		448.3
Compensation on equity grants	_	—	44.6		_	_	_	_		—	44.6		
Distribution equivalent rights	_	—	(2.4)	_	_	_	_		—	(2.4)		-
Shares issued under compensation program	1,294	_	_		_	_	_	_		_	_		_
Shares and units tendered for tax withholding obligations	(393)	_	_		_	_	393	(13.1)		_	(13.1)		_
Series A Preferred Stock dividends													
Dividends - \$71.25 per share	_	—			(65.5)	_	_	_		_	(65.5)		—
Dividends in excess of retained earnings	_	_	(65.5)	65.5	_	_	_		_	_		_
Common stock dividends													
Dividends - \$0.30 per share	—	—	_		(68.6)	—	—	—		—	(68.6)		—
Dividends in excess of retained earnings	_	_	(68.6)	68.6	_	_	_		_	_		_
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		(334.2)	(334.2)		_
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	_	_			_	_	_	_		13.2	13.2		
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_					(300.3)	_	_		—	(300.3)		
Net income (loss)		 _			384.8					286.5	671.3		
Balance, September 30, 2021	228,963	\$ 0.2	\$ 4,299.7	-	\$ (1,508.7)	\$ (442.1)	7,124	\$ (164.0)	\$	3,214.8	\$ 5,399.9	\$	749.7

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

	<u>Common</u> Shares	 c <u>k</u> 10unt]	dditional Paid in Capital	in (Accumulated		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		isury ares Amount	Noncontrolling Interests		Total Owner's Equity		Pre	eries A eferred Stock
	onures	 		cupitui		Denety	(Unaudit		· mount			290	 ,		toen
						(In r	nillions, except sha		ands)						
Balance, December 31, 2019	232,844	\$ 0.2	\$	5,221.2	\$	(339.6)	\$ 92.5	1,010	\$ (53.5)	\$	3,522.1	\$ 8,4	442.9	\$	278.8
Compensation on equity grants	_	_		49.5		_	_	_			_		49.5		_
Distribution equivalent rights	_	—		(3.5)		_	_		_		—		(3.5)		
Shares issued under compensation															
program	892	—		_		_	_	_	_		_		—		-
Shares and units tendered for tax	(2.1.2)								/ - - \						
withholding obligations	(218)	—		_		—	—	218	(5.5)		—		(5.5)		—
Series A Preferred Stock dividends						(60.0)							((0,0))		
Dividends - \$71.25 per share	—	—		_		(68.8)		—	—				(68.8)		—
Dividends in excess of retained earnings				(68.8)		68.8									
Deemed dividends - accretion of	_			(00.0)		00.0		_	_		_				_
beneficial conversion feature		_		(27.7)		_	_	_	_		_		(27.7)		27.7
Common stock dividends				(_,,,)									(_/./)		
Dividends - \$1.11 per share	_	—				(259.0)	_	_	_		_	C	259.0)		
Dividends in excess of retained						. ,						,			
earnings	_	_		(259.0)		259.0	_	_	_		_		_		_
Distributions to noncontrolling															
interests	_	—		_		—	_	_	_		(322.9)	(.	322.9)		_
Contributions from noncontrolling															
interests	—	-		-		_	_	—	_		33.3		33.3		-
Non-cash allocation to noncontrolling interests	_	_		_		_	_	_	_		27.5		27.5		_
Other comprehensive income (loss)		_		_		_	(183.3)	_	_		_	(183.3)		_
Net income (loss)		 _				(1,587.5)					116.5	(1,	471.0)		_
Balance, September 30, 2020	233,518	\$ 0.2	\$	4,911.7	\$	(1,927.1)	<u>\$ (90.8</u>)	1,228	<u>\$ (59.0</u>)	\$	3,376.5	\$6,	211.5	\$	306.5

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

TARGA RESOURCES CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Nine Months Ended Septem	ıber 30,
		2021	2020
		(Unaudited)	
Cash flows from operating activities		(In millions)	
Cash flows from operating activities Net income (loss)	s	671.3 \$	(1,471.0
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	Ĵ	0/1.5 \$	(1,4/1.0
Amortization in interest expense		7.8	8.5
Compensation on equity grants		44.6	49.5
Depreciation and amortization expense		650.9	49.5 647.3
		650.9	
Impairment of long-lived assets			2,442.8
Accretion of asset retirement obligations		3.0	2.6
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)		21.5	(269.8
Equity (earnings) loss of unconsolidated affiliates		(38.9)	(54.1
Distributions of earnings received from unconsolidated affiliates		64.5	65.5
Risk management activities		55.6	(214.2
(Gain) loss on sale or disposition of business and assets		(1.7)	58.0
Write-downs of assets		5.0	13.5
(Gain) loss from financing activities		16.6	(47.4
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Receivables and other assets		(359.8)	168.7
Inventories		(128.0)	(115.8
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other liabilities		839.1	(158.0
Interest payable		(52.7)	(30.4
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,798.8	1.095.7
Cash flows from investing activities			,
Outlays for property, plant and equipment		(321.6)	(803.1
Proceeds from sale of business and assets		7.9	135.9
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates		(0.6)	(2.2
Return of capital from unconsolidated affiliates		14.5	10.7
Other, net		0.2	4.7
Net cash used in investing activities		(299.6)	(654.0
		(299.6)	(054.0
Cash flows from financing activities			
Debt obligations:		620.0	1 460 0
Proceeds from borrowings under credit facilities		620.0	1,460.0
Repayments of credit facilities		(1,455.0)	(1,360.0
Proceeds from borrowings under accounts receivable securitization facility		570.0	476.4
Repayments of accounts receivable securitization facility		(580.0)	(596.4
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes		1,000.0	1,000.0
Redemption of senior notes		(1,132.0)	(831.0
Principal payments of finance leases		(9.4)	(9.3
Costs incurred in connection with financing arrangements		(9.6)	(9.6
Repurchase of shares and units under compensation plans		(13.1)	(5.5
Contributions from noncontrolling interests		13.2	33.3
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(377.3)	(310.6
Distributions to Partnership unitholders			(8.4
Dividends paid to common and Series A Preferred shareholders		(140.2)	(336.7
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(1,513.4)	(497.8
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(14.2)	(56.1
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		242.8	331.1
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	¢	228.6 \$	275.0
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>⊅</u>	220.0 \$	2/5.0

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

TARGA RESOURCES CORP. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Except as noted within the context of each footnote disclosure, the dollar amounts presented in the tabular data within these footnote disclosures are stated in millions of dollars.

Note 1 — Organization and Operations

Our Organization

Targa Resources Corp. ("TRC") is a publicly traded Delaware corporation formed in October 2005. Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "TRGP." We own, operate, acquire, and develop a diversified portfolio of complementary domestic midstream infrastructure assets.

In this Quarterly Report, unless the context requires otherwise, references to "we," "us," "our," "the Company" or "Targa" are intended to mean our consolidated business and operations. TRC controls the general partner of and owns all of the outstanding common units representing limited partner interests in Targa Resources Partners LP, referred to herein as the "Partnership" or "TRP."

We conduct our operations through our direct and indirect subsidiaries in Targa Resources Partners LP (the "Partnership" or "TRP"). Targa consolidates TRP and its subsidiaries under GAAP. Our consolidated financial statements do not differ materially from the consolidated financial statements of TRP. The most noteworthy differences are:

- the inclusion of the TRC revolving credit facility (while we consolidate the debt of the Partnership in our financial statements, we do not have the obligation to make interest payments or debt payments with respect to the debt of the Partnership);
- the inclusion of Series A Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred"); and
- the impacts of TRC's treatment as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Our Operations

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of:

- gathering, compressing, treating, processing, transporting, and purchasing and selling natural gas;
- transporting, storing, fractionating, treating, and purchasing and selling NGLs and NGL products, including services to LPG exporters; and
- gathering, storing, terminaling, and purchasing and selling crude oil.

See Note 17 – Segment Information for certain financial information regarding our business segments.

Note 2 — Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all information and disclosures required by GAAP. Therefore, this information should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes contained in our Annual Report. The information furnished herein reflects all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results of the interim periods reported. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2021.

Certain amounts in prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Beginning in 2021, we reclassified certain fuel and power costs previously included in Operating expenses to Product purchases and fuel within our Consolidated Statements of Operations to better reflect the direct relationship of these costs to our revenue-generating activities and align with our evaluation of the performance of the business. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, we reclassified \$14.3 million and \$49.2 million in fuel and power costs, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we reclassified \$19.7 million and \$58.3 million in fuel and power costs, respectively.

Note 3 — Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies that we follow are set forth in Note 3 – Significant Accounting Policies of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report. Other than the updates noted below, there were no significant updates or revisions to our accounting policies during the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

Convertible Debt and Equity Instruments

In August 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2020-06, *Debt - Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging - Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity.* The amendments in this update simplify the accounting for convertible debt instruments and convertible preferred stock by reducing the number of accounting models and embedded conversion features that can be recognized separately from the primary contract. These amendments also enhance transparency and improve disclosures for convertible instruments and earnings per share guidance. These amendments are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2021, with early adoption permitted. This update permits the use of either the modified retrospective or full retrospective method of adoption.

On a modified retrospective basis, we adopted the amendments early, effective January 1, 2021. The primary effect of the adoption on the Company was attributable to the elimination of the beneficial conversion accounting model, which results in the presentation of the Series A Preferred as a single unit of account, without bifurcation of the beneficial conversion feature and corresponding discount. Therefore, upon adoption, the carrying value of the Series A Preferred was reflected at \$749.7 million, which is the allocated amount based on the initial relative fair value allocation of net proceeds of \$787.1 million, less the carrying value of the portion repurchased in December 2020. The adoption did not have an impact on retained earnings (deficit), but rather, the adoption impact flowed through additional paid-in capital where the beneficial conversion feature was previously included. In addition, the adoption also eliminates the corresponding discount attributable to the beneficial conversion feature and therefore, accretion of the discount as a deemed dividend is no longer required. The other aspects of the ASU did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

Note 4 — Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

				Estimated Useful Lives (In
	Sep	tember 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	Years)
Gathering systems	\$	9,279.7	\$ 9,216.1	5 to 20
Processing and fractionation facilities		6,365.1	6,276.8	5 to 25
Terminaling and storage facilities		1,313.5	1,555.1	5 to 25
Transportation assets		2,628.4	2,567.7	10 to 50
Other property, plant and equipment		355.3	32.4	3 to 50
Land		160.8	160.8	_
Construction in progress		263.1	324.3	—
Finance lease right-of-use assets		55.2	51.8	
Property, plant and equipment		20,421.1	20,185.0	
Accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment		(8,498.7)	(8,011.4)	
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$	11,922.4	\$ 12,173.6	
Intangible assets		2,643.5	2,643.5	10 to 20
Accumulated amortization and impairment		(1,359.3)	(1,261.1)	
Intangible assets, net	\$	1,284.2	\$ 1,382.4	

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, depreciation expense was \$190.2 million and \$552.7 million, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, depreciation expense was \$168.5 million and \$538.5 million, respectively.

Impairments of Long-Lived Assets

We review and evaluate our long-lived assets, including intangible assets, for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable, including changes to our estimates that could have an impact on our assessment of asset recoverability.



During the first quarter of 2020, global commodity prices declined due to factors that significantly impacted both demand and supply. As the COVID-19 pandemic spread, causing travel and other restrictions to be implemented globally, the demand for commodities declined. Additionally, the supply shock late in the first quarter of 2020 from certain major oil producing nations increasing production also significantly contributed to the sharp drop in commodity prices. The drop in commodity prices resulted in prompt reactions from some domestic producers, including significantly reducing capital budgets and resultant drilling activity and shutting-in production. As a result, we determined that indicators of impairment existed for certain asset groups reported primarily within our Gathering and Processing segment, and recorded non-cash pre-tax impairments of \$2,442.8 million (inclusive of impairments of intangible assets) primarily associated with the partial impairment of certain gas processing facilities and gathering systems associated with our Central operations and full impairment of our Coastal operations. Our first quarter 2020 impairment assessment forecasted continuing decline in natural gas production across the Mid-Continent and Gulf of Mexico regions. The carrying value adjustments are included in Impairment of long-lived assets in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

We determined fair value through the use of discounted estimated cash flows to measure the impairment loss for each asset group for which undiscounted future net cash flows were not sufficient to recover the net book value.

The estimated cash flows used to assess recoverability of our long-lived assets and measure fair value of our asset groups are derived from current business plans, which are developed using near-term price and volume projections reflective of the current environment and management's projections for long-term average prices and volumes. In addition to near and long-term price assumptions, other key assumptions include volume projections, operating costs, timing of incurring such costs, and the use of an appropriate terminal value and discount rate. We believe our estimates and models used to determine fair value are similar to what a market participant would use.

The fair value measurement of our long-lived assets was based, in part, on significant inputs not observable in the market (as discussed above) and thus represents a Level 3 measurement. The significant unobservable inputs used include discount rates and determination of terminal values. We utilized a weighted average discount rate of 14.0% when deriving the fair value of the asset groups impaired during the first quarter of 2020. The weighted average discount rate and terminal values reflect management's best estimate of inputs a market participant would utilize.

While commodity prices remain volatile and uncertainties associated with the impacts of COVID-19 continue, production from wells that were previously shut-in during the first half of 2020 across our operating areas has largely resumed. There were no indicators of impairment identified during the remainder of 2020 or first nine months of 2021.

We may identify additional triggering events in the future, which will require additional evaluations of the recoverability of the carrying value of our long-lived assets and may result in future impairments.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of customer contracts and customer relationships acquired in prior business combinations. The fair value of these acquired intangible assets were determined at the date of acquisition based on the present values of estimated future cash flows. Amortization expense attributable to these assets is recorded over the periods in which we benefit from services provided to customers.

As a result of the triggering events and analysis described above, in the first quarter of 2020, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax impairment loss of \$208.6 million associated with certain intangible customer relationships for which undiscounted future net cash flows were not sufficient to recover the net book value.

The estimated annual amortization expense for intangible assets is approximately \$130.9 million, \$122.7 million, \$117.5 million, \$113.7 million and \$110.6 million for each of the years 2021 through 2025, respectively.

The changes in our intangible assets are as follows:

	September	r 30, 2021
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	1,382.4
Amortization		(98.2)
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	1,284.2



Note 5 — Debt Obligations

			-	
	Septem	ber 30, 2021	Decen	nber 31, 2020
Current:				
Obligations of the Partnership: (1)	¢	240.0	¢	250.0
Accounts receivable securitization facility, due April 2022 (2) TPL notes, 4¾% fixed rate, due November 2021 (3)	\$	340.0	\$	350.0
1PL notes, 4% % fixed rate, due November 2021 (3)				6.5
Finance lease liabilities		340.0		356.5
		12.6		12.1
Current debt obligations		352.6		368.6
Long-term:				
TRC obligations:				
TRC Senior secured revolving credit facility, variable rate, due June 2023 (4)		—		555.0
Obligations of the Partnership: (1)				
Senior secured revolving credit facility, variable rate, due June 2023 (5)		_		280.0
Senior unsecured notes:				
4 ¹ / ₄ % fixed rate, due November 2023 (6)		_		583.9
5½% fixed rate, due February 2025		_		481.0
57%% fixed rate, due April 2026		963.2		963.2
53%% fixed rate, due February 2027		468.1		468.1
6½% fixed rate, due July 2027		705.2		705.2
5% fixed rate, due January 2028		700.3		700.3
6%% fixed rate, due January 2029		679.3		679.3
5½% fixed rate, due March 2030		949.6		949.6
4%% fixed rate, due February 2031		1,000.0		1,000.0
4% fixed rate, due January 2032		1,000.0		
TPL notes, 5%% fixed rate, due August 2023 (3)		_		48.1
Unamortized premium		_		0.2
		6,465.7		7,413.9
Debt issuance costs, net of amortization		(46.3)		(45.5)
Finance lease liabilities		14.7		18.7
Long-term debt		6,434.1		7,387.1
Total debt obligations	\$	6,786.7	\$	7,755.7
Irrevocable standby letters of credit:				
Letters of credit outstanding under the TRC Senior secured credit facility (4)	\$	_	s	_
Letters of credit outstanding under the Partnership senior	Ψ		Ψ	
secured revolving credit facility (5)		48.8		44.4
	\$	48.8	\$	44.4
	Ψ	-10.0	Ψ	-++.+

(1)While we consolidate the debt of the Partnership in our financial statements, we do not have the obligation to make interest payments or debt payments with respect to the debt of the

As of September 30, 2021, the Partnership had \$340.0 million of qualifying receivables under its \$400.0 million accounts receivable securitization facility ("Securitization Facility"), resulting in \$60.0 million availability. During the second quarter of 2021, the Partnership amended the Securitization Facility to increase the facility size from \$350.0 million to \$400.0 million to more closely align with our expectation for borrowing needs given current commodity prices and to extend the facility termination date to April 21, 2022. (2) (3)

As of September 30, 2021, availability under TRC's \$670.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility ("TRC Revolver") was \$670.0 million. As of September 30, 2021, availability under the Partnership's \$2.2 billion senior secured revolving credit facility ("TRP Revolver") was \$2,151.2 million. On May 17, 2021, the Partnership redeemed all of the remaining outstanding 4¼% Senior Notes due 2023. (4) (5) (6)

The following table shows the range of interest rates and weighted average interest rate incurred on variable-rate debt obligations during the nine months ended September 30, 2021:

	Range of Interest Rates Incurred	Weighted Average Interest Rate Incurred
TRC Revolver	1.9% - 1.9%	1.9%
TRP Revolver	1.6% - 1.9%	1.8%
Partnership's Securitization Facility	1.1% - 1.8%	1.3%

Compliance with Debt Covenants

As of September 30, 2021, we were in compliance with the covenants contained in our various debt agreements.

Senior Unsecured Notes Issuance and Redemptions

In February 2021, the Partnership issued \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 4% Senior Notes due 2032, resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$991 million. The 4% Senior Notes due 2032 have substantially similar terms and covenants as our other series of Senior Notes. A portion of the net proceeds from the issuance were used to fund the concurrent cash tender offer (the "February Tender Offer") and subsequent redemption payment for the Partnership's 51% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "51% Notes"), with the remainder used for repayment of borrowings under the TRP Revolver and TRC Revolver. As a result of the February Tender Offer and the subsequent redemption of the 51/8% Notes, we recorded a loss due to debt extinguishment of \$14.9 million comprised of \$12.5 million of premiums paid and a write-off of \$2.4 million of debt issuance costs.

Additionally, TPL redeemed all of the outstanding TPL 43/4% Senior Notes due 2021 and TPL 55/8% Senior Notes due 2023 (collectively, the "TPL Notes") on February 22, 2021 with available liquidity under the TRP Revolver. As a result of the redemptions of the TPL Notes, we recorded a gain due to debt extinguishment of \$0.2 million.

The Partnership redeemed all of the outstanding 4¼% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "4¼% Senior Notes") on May 17, 2021 with available liquidity under the TRP Revolver. As a result of the redemption of the 4¼% Senior Notes, we recorded a loss due to debt extinguishment of \$1.9 million.

We or the Partnership may retire or purchase various series of the Partnership's outstanding debt through cash purchases and/or exchanges for other debt, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes payment obligations for debt instruments after giving effect to the debt extinguishments detailed above:

				Payn	ients Due By Period				
			More Than						
	 Total 1 Year 1-3 Year		1-3 Years	s 3-5 Years			5 Years		
Long-term debt obligations (1)	\$ 6,465.7	\$	_	\$	_	\$	963.2	\$	5,502.5
Interest on debt obligations (2)	2,547.3		359.4		707.3		674.6		806.0
	\$ 9,013.0	\$	359.4	\$	707.3	\$	1,637.8	\$	6,308.5

(1) (2) Represents scheduled future maturities of consolidated debt obligations for the periods indicated.

Represents interest expense on debt obligations based on both fixed debt interest rates and prevailing September 30, 2021 rates for floating debt.

Note 6 — Other Long-term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities are comprised of deferred revenue, asset retirement obligations and operating lease liabilities.

Deferred Revenue

We have certain long-term contractual arrangements for which we have received consideration that we are not yet able to recognize as revenue. The resulting deferred revenue will be recognized once all conditions for revenue recognition have been met.

Deferred revenue as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, was \$165.8 million and \$168.5 million, respectively, which includes \$129.0 million of payments received from Vitol Americas Corp. ("Vitol") (formerly known as Noble Americas Corp.), a subsidiary of Vitol US Holding Co., in 2016, 2017, and 2018 as part of an agreement (the "Splitter Agreement") related to the construction and operation of a crude oil and condensate splitter. In December 2018, Vitol elected to terminate the Splitter Agreement. The Splitter Agreement provides that the first three annual payments are ours if Vitol elects to terminate, which Vitol disputes. The timing of revenue recognition related to the Splitter Agreement deferred revenue is dependent on the outcome of current litigation with Vitol. Deferred revenue also includes nonmonetary consideration received in a 2015 amendment to a gas gathering and processing agreement and consideration received for other construction activities of facilities connected to our systems. See Part II—Item 1. Legal Proceedings for further details on the related litigation.



Note 7 — Preferred Stock

Preferred Stock Dividends

As of September 30, 2021, we have accrued cumulative preferred dividends of \$21.8 million on our Series A Preferred, which will be paid on November 12, 2021. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, we paid \$21.8 million and \$65.5 million of dividends to preferred shareholders, respectively.

Preferred Stock Redemptions or Repurchases

We may redeem all or a portion of our Series A Preferred in the future pursuant to its terms or repurchase Series A Preferred shares in privately negotiated transactions. Such redemptions or repurchases, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions, and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

Note 8 — Common Stock and Related Matters

Common Stock Dividends

The following table details the dividends declared and/or paid by us to common shareholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2021:

Three Months Ended	Date Paid or To Be Paid		al Common ends Declared	Amount of Common Dividends Paid or To Be Paid	Accrued Dividends (1)	Dividends Declared per Share of Common Stock
	(In millions,	except per share an	nounts)		
September 30, 2021	November 15, 2021	\$	23.3	5 22.9	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.10000
June 30, 2021	August 16, 2021		23.3	22.9	0.4	0.10000
March 31, 2021	May 14, 2021		23.3	22.9	0.4	0.10000
December 31, 2020	February 16, 2021		23.3	22.9	0.4	0.10000

(1) Represents accrued dividends on restricted stock and restricted stock units that are payable upon vesting.

Note 9 — Partnership Units and Related Matters

Distributions

We are entitled to receive all Partnership distributions from available cash on the Partnership's common units each quarter.

The following table details the distributions declared and paid by the Partnership for the nine months ended September 30, 2021:

Three Months Ended	Date Paid or To Be Paid	Total Distributions	Distributions to Targa Resources Corp.
September 30, 2021	November 11, 2021	\$ 45.6	\$ 45.6
June 30, 2021	August 12, 2021	45.5	45.5
March 31, 2021	May 12, 2021	47.0	47.0
December 31, 2020	February 11, 2021	54.3	47.6

Contributions

All capital contributions to the Partnership continue to be allocated 98% to the limited partner and 2% to the general partner; however, no units will be issued for those contributions. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we made a total of \$46.0 million in contributions to the Partnership.



Note 10 — Earnings per Common Share

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net income and weighted average shares outstanding used in computing basic and diluted net income per common share:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months End	led Sep	l September 30,	
		2021		2020	2021			2020	
			(In	millions, except	per sh	are amounts)			
Net income (loss) attributable to Targa Resources Corp.	\$	182.2	\$	69.3	\$	384.8	\$	(1,587.5)	
Less: Dividends on Series A Preferred Stock		21.8		22.9		65.5		68.8	
Less: Deemed dividends on Series A Preferred Stock				9.5		_		27.7	
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders for basic earnings per share	\$	160.4	\$	36.9	\$	319.3	\$	(1,684.0)	
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic		228.8		233.4		228.6		233.2	
Dilutive effect of unvested stock awards		3.3		0.4		3.0		_	
Dilutive effect of Series A Preferred Stock (1)		44.3		_		_		—	
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted		276.4		233.8		231.6		233.2	
Net income (loss) available per common share - basic	\$	0.70	\$	0.16	\$	1.40	\$	(7.22)	
Net income (loss) available per common share - diluted	\$	0.66	\$	0.16	\$	1.38	\$	(7.22)	

The following potential common stock equivalents are excluded from the determination of diluted earnings per share because the inclusion of such shares would have been anti-dilutive (in millions on a weighted-average basis):

	Three Months Endec	d September 30,	Nine Months Ended September 3			
	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Unvested restricted stock awards	_	2.8	0.3	2.5		
Series A Preferred Stock (1)	—	46.5	44.3	46.5		

(1) The Series A Preferred has no mandatory redemption date, but is redeemable at our election for a 10% premium to the liquidation preference on or prior to March 16, 2022 and for a 5% premium to the liquidation preference thereafter. If the Series A Preferred is not redeemed prior to March 16, 2028, the investors have the right to convert the Series A Preferred into TRC common stock.

Note 11 — Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The primary purpose of our commodity risk management activities is to manage our exposure to commodity price risk and reduce volatility in our operating cash flow due to fluctuations in commodity prices. We have entered into derivative instruments to hedge the commodity price risks associated with a portion of our expected (i) natural gas, NGL, and condensate equity volumes in our Gathering and Processing operations that result from percent-of-proceeds processing arrangements, (ii) future commodity purchases and sales in our Logistics and Transportation segment and (iii) natural gas transportation basis risk in our Logistics and Transportation segment. The hedge positions associated with (i) and (ii) above will move favorably in periods of falling commodity prices and unfavorably in periods of rising commodity prices and are primarily designated as cash flow hedges for accounting purposes.

The hedges generally match the NGL product composition and the NGL delivery points of our physical equity volumes. Our natural gas hedges are a mixture of specific gas delivery points and Henry Hub. The NGL hedges may be transacted as specific NGL hedges or as baskets of ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane and natural gasoline based upon our expected equity NGL composition. We believe this approach avoids uncorrelated risks resulting from employing hedges on crude oil or other petroleum products as "proxy" hedges of NGL prices. Our natural gas and NGL hedges are settled using published index prices for delivery at various locations.

We hedge a portion of our condensate equity volumes using crude oil hedges that are based on the NYMEX futures contracts for West Texas Intermediate light, sweet crude, which approximates the prices received for condensate. This exposes us to a market differential risk if the NYMEX futures do not move in exact parity with the sales price of our underlying condensate equity volumes.

We also enter into derivative instruments to help manage other short-term commodity-related business risks and take advantage of market opportunities. We have not designated these derivatives as hedges and record changes in fair value and cash settlements to revenues as current income.

At September 30, 2021, the notional volumes of our commodity derivative contracts were:

Commodity	Instrument	<u>Unit</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022	2023	2024	2025
Natural Gas	Swaps	MMBtu/d	188,998	131,613	59,250	16,421	7,479
Natural Gas	Basis Swaps	MMBtu/d	483,779	308,740	250,000	225,000	110,041
NGL	Swaps	Bbl/d	39,568	29,424	12,557	2,186	_
NGL	Futures	Bbl/d	45,315	740	_	_	_
Condensate	Swaps	Bbl/d	5,029	3,853	2,155	265	_

Our derivative contracts are subject to netting arrangements that permit our contracting subsidiaries to net cash settle offsetting asset and liability positions with the same counterparty within the same Targa entity. We record derivative assets and liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets on a gross basis, without considering the effect of master netting arrangements.

The following schedules reflect the fair value of our derivative instruments and their location on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as well as pro forma reporting assuming that we reported derivatives subject to master netting agreements on a net basis:

		Fair Value as of September 30, 2021			Fa	oer 31, 2020			
	Balance Sheet Location	Derivative Assets		Derivative Liabilities		Derivative Assets		Derivative Liabilities	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments									
Commodity contracts	Current	\$	36.1	\$	(464.3)	\$	24.2	\$	(140.2)
	Long-term		0.2		(148.3)		5.1		(43.4)
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments		\$	36.3	\$	(612.6)	\$	29.3	\$	(183.6)
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments				_		_		_	
Commodity contracts	Current	\$	46.6	\$	(8.0)	\$	61.3	\$	(2.4)
	Long-term		13.2		(2.9)		44.2		_
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments		\$	59.8	\$	(10.9)	\$	105.5	\$	(2.4)
Total current position		\$	82.7	\$	(472.3)	\$	85.5	\$	(142.6)
Total long-term position			13.4		(151.2)		49.3		(43.4)
Total derivatives		\$	96.1	\$	(623.5)	\$	134.8	\$	(186.0)
		-							

The pro forma impact of reporting derivatives on our Consolidated Balance Sheets on a net basis is as follows:

			Gross P	resentation			I	Pro Forma Net Presentation			
September 30, 2021	I	Asset	Lia	ability	Col	lateral		Asset	L	iability	
Current Position											
Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral	\$	75.9	\$	(338.2)	\$	27.0	\$	10.9	\$	(246.2	
Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets		6.8		—		—		6.8		_	
Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities		<u> </u>		(134.1)						(134.1	
		82.7		(472.3)		27.0		17.7		(380.3	
Long Term Position				(100.0)						(0.0.0	
Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral		13.4		(106.9)		-		3.4		(96.9	
Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets		—		—		—		—			
Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities				(44.3)						(44.3	
		13.4		(151.2)		_		3.4		(141.2	
Total Derivatives											
Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral		89.3		(445.1)		27.0		14.3		(343.1	
Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets		6.8				_		6.8			
				(178.4)				_		(178.4	
Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities											
Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities	\$	96.1	\$	(623.5)	\$	27.0	\$	21.1	\$	(521.5	
Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities	\$	96.1	\$		\$	27.0	\$	21.1	\$	(521.5	
Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities	\$	96.1	<u>\$</u> Gross P		\$	27.0	<u>\$</u>	21.1 Pro Forma Net	<u>\$</u> t Presen		
Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities December 31, 2020	<u>\$</u>	96.1 Asset		(623.5)	\$ Col	27.0 lateral	\$I			(521.5 ntation .iability	
	<u>\$</u>			(623.5) resentation	\$ Col		<u>\$</u> I	Pro Forma Net		itation	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral	<u>\$</u>			(623.5) resentation	<u>\$</u> Col		\$I I	Pro Forma Net		itation iability	
December 31, 2020 Current Position		Asset	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability		lateral		Pro Forma Net Asset	L	itation iability	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral		Asset 81.1	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability		lateral		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7	L	itation iability (46.8	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets		Asset 81.1	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability (142.0)		lateral		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7	L	itation iability (46.8 	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets		Asset 81.1 4.4	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability (142.0) (0.6)		lateral 29.8 		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7 4.4	L	itation	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities		Asset 81.1 4.4	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability (142.0) (0.6)		lateral 29.8 		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7 4.4	L	itation iability (46.8 	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities Long Term Position		81.1 4.4 85.5	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability (142.0) (142.6) (142.6)		lateral 29.8 		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7 4.4 20.1	L	tation .iability (46.8 (0.6 (47.4	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities Long Term Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral		Asset 81.1 4.4 — 85.5 37.8	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability (142.0) (142.6) (142.6)		lateral 29.8 		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7 4.4 20.1 14.6	L	tation iability (46.8 (0.6 (47.4 (19.3	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities Long Term Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets		Asset 81.1 4.4 — 85.5 37.8	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability (142.0) (142.6) (142.6) (142.5) (42.5) 		lateral 29.8 		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7 4.4 20.1 14.6	L	tation .iability (46.8 (0.6 (47.4 (19.3 (19.3 (0.9	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities Long Term Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets		Asset 81.1 4.4 85.5 37.8 11.5 	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability (142.0) (142.0) (142.6) (142.6) (42.5) (42.5) (0.9)		lateral 29.8 		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7 4.4 20.1 14.6 11.5 	L	tation iability (46.8 (0.6 (47.4 (19.3	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities Long Term Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities Total Derivatives		Asset 81.1 4.4 85.5 37.8 11.5 	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability (142.0) (142.0) (142.6) (142.6) (42.5) (42.5) (0.9)		lateral 29.8 		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7 4.4 20.1 14.6 11.5 	L	tation .iability (46.8 (0.6 (47.4 (19.3 (19.3 (0.9	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities Long Term Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities Total Derivatives Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral		Asset 81.1 4.4 	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability (142.0) (142.0) (142.6) (142.6) (42.5) (42.5) (0.9) (43.4)		lateral 29.8 — 29.8 — 29.8 — —		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7 4.4 20.1 14.6 11.5 26.1	L	tation .iability (46.8 (0.6 (47.4 (19.3 (0.9 (20.2	
December 31, 2020 Current Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities Long Term Position Counterparties with offsetting positions or collateral Counterparties without offsetting positions - assets Counterparties without offsetting positions - liabilities Total Derivatives		Asset 81.1 4.4 85.5 37.8 11.5 	Lia	(623.5) resentation ability (142.0) (142.0) (142.6) (142.6) (42.5) (42.5) (0.9) (43.4)		lateral 29.8 — 29.8 — 29.8 — —		Pro Forma Net Asset 15.7 4.4 20.1 14.6 11.5 26.1 30.3	L	tation .iability (46.8 (0.6 (47.4 (19.3 (0.9 (0.9 (20.2	

Our payment obligations in connection with a majority of these hedging transactions are secured by a first priority lien in the collateral securing the TRP Revolver that ranks equal in right of payment with liens granted in favor of the Partnership's senior secured lenders. Some of our hedges are futures contracts executed through brokers that clear the hedges through an exchange. We maintain a margin deposit with the brokers in an amount sufficient enough to cover the fair value of our open futures positions. The margin deposit is considered collateral, which is located within Other current assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets and is not offset against the fair value of our derivative instruments.

The fair value of our derivative instruments, depending on the type of instrument, was determined by the use of present value methods or standard option valuation models with assumptions about commodity prices based on those observed in underlying markets. The estimated fair value of our derivative instruments was a net liability of (\$527.4) million as of September 30, 2021. The estimated fair value is net of an adjustment for credit risk based on the default probabilities as indicated by market quotes for the counterparties' credit default swap rates. The credit risk adjustment was immaterial for all periods presented. Our futures contracts that are cleared through an exchange are margined daily and do not require any credit adjustment.

The following tables reflect amounts recorded in Other comprehensive income ("OCI") and amounts reclassified from OCI to revenue for the periods indicated:

		Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI on									
	Derivatives (Effective Portion)										
Derivatives in Cash Flow		Three Months Ended September 30, Nine Months Ended September 30,									
Hedging Relationships		2021		2020		2021		2020			
Commodity contracts	\$	\$ (294.7) \$ (128.7) \$ (698.9) \$									

	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from OCI into Income (Effective Portion)									
		Three Months Ended September 30, Nine Months Ended September 30,								
Location of Gain (Loss)		2021		2020		2021		2020		
Revenues	\$ (100.4) \$ 19.2 \$ (303.8) \$								39.4	

Based on valuations as of September 30, 2021, we expect to reclassify commodity hedge-related deferred losses of (\$581.7) million included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into earnings before income taxes through the end of 2025, with (\$433.7) million of losses to be reclassified over the next twelve months.

Our consolidated earnings are also affected by the use of the mark-to-market method of accounting for derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting or that have not been designated as hedges. The changes in fair value of these instruments are recorded on the balance sheet and through earnings rather than being deferred until the anticipated transaction settles. The use of mark-to-market accounting for financial instruments can cause non-cash earnings volatility due to changes in the underlying commodity price indices.

For the three months ended September 30, 2021, the unrealized mark-to-market gains are primarily attributable to favorable movements in natural gas forward prices, as compared to our positions. For the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the unrealized mark-to-market losses are primarily attributable to unfavorable movements in natural gas forward prices, as compared to our positions.

	Location of Gain (Loss)	 Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives								
Derivatives Not Designated	Recognized in Income on	Three Months En	ded Se	eptember 30,	_	tember 30,				
as Hedging Instruments	Derivatives	2021		2020		2021		2020		
Commodity contracts	Revenue	\$ 16.7	\$	90.0	\$	(24.8)	\$	197.9		

See Note 12 – Fair Value Measurements and Note 17 – Segment Information for additional disclosures related to derivative instruments and hedging activities.

Note 12 — Fair Value Measurements

Under GAAP, our Consolidated Balance Sheets reflect a mixture of measurement methods for financial assets and liabilities ("financial instruments"). Derivative financial instruments are reported at fair value on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Other financial instruments are reported at historical cost or amortized cost on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The following are additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures regarding fair value measurements of financial instruments.

Fair Value of Derivative Financial Instruments

Our derivative instruments consist of financially settled commodity swaps, futures, option contracts and fixed-price forward commodity contracts with certain counterparties. We determine the fair value of our derivative contracts using present value methods or standard option valuation models with assumptions about commodity prices based on those observed in underlying markets. We have consistently applied these valuation techniques in all periods presented and we believe we have obtained the most accurate information available for the types of derivative contracts we hold.

The fair values of our derivative instruments are sensitive to changes in forward pricing on natural gas, NGLs and crude oil. The financial position of these derivatives at September 30, 2021, a net liability position of (\$527.4) million, reflects the present value, adjusted for counterparty credit risk, of the amount we expect to receive or pay in the future on our derivative contracts. If forward pricing on natural gas, NGLs and crude oil were to increase by 10%, the result would be a fair value reflecting a net liability of (\$676.5) million. If forward pricing on natural gas, NGLs and crude oil were to decrease by 10%, the result would be a fair value reflecting a net liability of (\$378.3) million.

Fair Value of Other Financial Instruments

Due to their cash or near-cash nature, the carrying value of other financial instruments included in working capital (i.e., cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable) approximates their fair value. Long-term debt is primarily the other financial instrument for which carrying value could vary significantly from fair value. We determined the supplemental fair value disclosures for our long-term debt as follows:



- The TRC Revolver, TRP Revolver, and the Partnership's Securitization Facility are based on carrying value, which approximates fair value as their interest rates are based on prevailing market rates; and
- The Partnership's senior unsecured notes are based on quoted market prices derived from trades of the debt.

Fair Value Hierarchy

We categorize the inputs to the fair value measurements of financial assets and liabilities at each balance sheet reporting date using a three-tier fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the significant inputs used in measuring fair value:

- Level 1 observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that we can directly or indirectly observe to the extent that the markets are liquid for the relevant settlement periods; and
- Level 3 unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore we must develop our own assumptions.

The following table shows a breakdown by fair value hierarchy category for (1) financial instruments measurements included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value and (2) supplemental fair value disclosures for other financial instruments:

	September 30, 2021										
		Carrying					Fair	Value			
	Value			_	Total	Le	evel 1	Level 2		Le	/el 3
Financial Instruments Recorded on Our											
Consolidated Balance Sheets at Fair Value:											
Assets from commodity derivative contracts	\$		96.1	\$	96.1	\$	—	\$	96.1	\$	—
Liabilities from commodity derivative contracts			623.5		623.5				623.4		0.1
Financial Instruments Recorded on Our											
Consolidated Balance Sheets at Carrying Value:											
Cash and cash equivalents			228.6		228.6				_		_
TRC Revolver					—				—		_
TRP Revolver			_		_		_		_		_
Partnership's Senior unsecured notes			6,465.7		6,909.8		_		6,909.8		
Partnership's Securitization Facility			340.0		340.0				340.0		_
					Decemb	er 31, 20)20				
		Carrying					Fair	Value			
		Value			Total	Le	evel 1	L	evel 2	Lev	/el 3
Financial Instruments Recorded on Our											
Consolidated Balance Sheets at Fair Value:											
Assets from commodity derivative contracts	\$		134.8	\$	134.8	\$	_	\$	134.8	\$	
Liabilities from commodity derivative contracts			186.0		186.0		_		185.8		0.2
Financial Instruments Recorded on Our											
Consolidated Balance Sheets at Carrying Value:											
Cash and cash equivalents			242.8		242.8						_
TRC Revolver			555.0		555.0				555.0		
TRP Revolver			280.0		280.0		_		280.0		
			280.0 6,585.4		280.0 7,036.8		_		280.0 7,036.8		_
TRP Revolver							-				_

Additional Information Regarding Level 3 Fair Value Measurements Included on Our Consolidated Balance Sheets

We reported certain of our swaps and option contracts at fair value using Level 3 inputs due to such derivatives not having observable market prices or implied volatilities for substantially the full term of the derivative asset or liability. For valuations that include both observable and unobservable inputs, if the unobservable input is determined to be significant to the overall inputs, the entire valuation is categorized in Level 3. This includes derivatives valued using indicative price quotations whose contract length extends into unobservable periods.

The fair value of these swaps is determined using a discounted cash flow valuation technique based on a forward commodity basis curve. For these derivatives, the primary input to the valuation model is the forward commodity basis curve, which is based on observable or public data sources and extrapolated when observable prices are not available.



The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements of our Level 3 derivatives were (i) the forward natural gas liquids pricing curves, for which a significant portion of the derivative's term is beyond available forward pricing and (ii) implied volatilities, which are unobservable as a result of inactive natural gas liquids options trading. The change in the fair value of Level 3 derivatives associated with a 10% change in the forward basis curve where prices are not observable was immaterial. As of September 30, 2021, we had one derivative contract categorized as Level 3.

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value of our financial instruments classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy:

Derivati	nmodity ve Contracts (Liability)
\$	(0.2)
	_
	0.2
	(0.1)
\$	(0.1)
	Derivati

(1) Transfers relate to long-term over-the-counter swaps for NGL products for which observable market prices became available for substantially their full term.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Nonfinancial assets and liabilities, such as long-lived assets, are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis upon impairment. In the first quarter of 2020, we recorded non-cash pre-tax impairments of \$2,442.8 million. The impairment charge is primarily associated with the partial impairment of certain gas processing facilities and gathering systems associated with our Central operations and full impairment of our Coastal operations. For disclosures related to valuation techniques, see Note 4 – Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets.

The techniques described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while we believe our valuation techniques are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different techniques or assumptions to determine fair value of certain financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Note 13 — Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

We and the Partnership are parties to various legal, administrative and regulatory proceedings that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business. We and the Partnership are also parties to various proceedings with governmental environmental agencies, including but not limited to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality, New Mexico Environmental Department, Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality and North Dakota Department of Environmental Quality, which assert monetary sanctions for alleged violations of environmental regulations, including air emissions, discharges into the environment and reporting deficiencies, related to events that have arisen at certain of our facilities in the ordinary course of our business. See Part II—Item 1. Legal Proceedings for further details on contingencies related to litigation matters.

Note 14 — Revenue

Fixed consideration allocated to remaining performance obligations

The following table presents the estimated minimum revenue related to unsatisfied performance obligations at the end of the reporting period, and is comprised of fixed consideration primarily attributable to contracts with minimum volume commitments, for which a guaranteed amount of revenue can be calculated. These contracts are comprised primarily of gathering and processing, fractionation, export, terminaling and storage agreements, with remaining contract terms ranging from 1 to 18 years.

	2021		2022	2	023 and after
Fixed consideration to be recognized as of September 30, 2021	\$ 125	.9 3	\$ 450.5	\$	2,612.3
23					

Based on the optional exemptions that we elected to apply, the amounts presented in the table above exclude remaining performance obligations for (i) variable consideration for which the allocation exception is met and (ii) contracts with an original expected duration of one year or less.

For disclosures related to disaggregated revenue, see Note 17 – Segment Information.

Note 15 — Income Taxes

The Company records income taxes using an estimated annual effective tax rate and recognizes specific events discretely as they occur. We regularly evaluate the realizable tax benefits of deferred tax assets and record a valuation allowance, if required, based on an estimate of the amount of deferred tax assets that we believe does not meet the more-likely-than-not criteria of being realized.

As of September 30, 2021, our valuation allowance was \$105.4 million, a decrease of \$88.8 million from December 31, 2020. After the change in valuation allowance, we have a net deferred tax liability of \$78.7 million.

As we begin achieving sustained profitability, increased consideration will be given to projections of future taxable income to determine whether such projections provide an adequate source of taxable income for the realization of our deferred tax assets and may result in a change to our valuation allowance in the next twelve months. We will continue to evaluate the valuation allowance based on current and expected earnings and other factors and adjust accordingly.

Note 16 — Supplemental Cash Flow Information

		Nine Months Ended September 30,							
	2	021	2020						
Cash:									
Interest paid, net of capitalized interest (1)	\$	327.8 \$	315.9						
Income taxes (received) paid, net		1.2	(44.4)						
Non-cash investing activities:									
Impact of capital expenditure accruals on property, plant and equipment, net		(7.5)	(194.7)						
Transfers from materials and supplies inventory to property, plant and equipment		2.4	1.9						
Non-cash financing activities:									
Changes in accrued distributions to noncontrolling interests		(43.1)	3.9						

(1) Interest capitalized on major projects was \$2.7 million and \$31.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

Note 17 — Segment Information

We operate in two primary segments: (i) Gathering and Processing, and (ii) Logistics and Transportation (also referred to as the Downstream Business). Our reportable segments include operating segments that have been aggregated based on the nature of the products and services provided.

Our Gathering and Processing segment includes assets used in the gathering and/or purchase and sale of natural gas produced from oil and gas wells, removing impurities and processing this raw natural gas into merchantable natural gas by extracting NGLs; and assets used for the gathering and terminaling and/or purchase and sale of crude oil. The Gathering and Processing segment's assets are located in the Permian Basin of West Texas and Southeast New Mexico (including the Midland, Central and Delaware Basins); the Eagle Ford Shale in South Texas; the Barnett Shale in North Texas; the Anadarko, Ardmore, and Arkoma Basins in Oklahoma (including the SCOOP and STACK) and South Central Kansas; the Williston Basin in North Dakota (including the Bakken and Three Forks plays); and the onshore and near offshore regions of the Louisiana Gulf Coast and the Gulf of Mexico.

Our Logistics and Transportation segment includes the activities and assets necessary to convert mixed NGLs into NGL products and also includes other assets and value-added services such as transporting, storing, fractionating, terminaling, and marketing of NGLs and NGL products, including services to LPG exporters and certain natural gas supply and marketing activities in support of our other businesses. The Logistics and Transportation segment also includes the Grand Prix NGL Pipeline ("Grand Prix"), which connects our gathering and processing positions in the Permian Basin, Southern Oklahoma and North Texas with our downstream facilities in Mont Belvieu, Texas, as well as our equity interest in Gulf Coast Express Pipeline LLC ("GCX"), a natural gas pipeline connecting the Waha hub in West Texas and other receipt points, including many of our Midland Basin processing facilities, to Agua Dulce in South Texas and other delivery points. The associated assets, including these pipelines, are generally connected to and supplied in part by our Gathering and Processing segment and, except for the pipelines and smaller terminals, are located predominantly in Mont Belvieu and Galena Park, Texas, and in Lake Charles, Louisiana.

Other contains the mark-to-market gains/losses related to derivative contracts that were not designated as cash flow hedges. Elimination of inter-segment transactions are reflected in the corporate and eliminations column.

Reportable segment information is shown in the following tables:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2021										
Revenues				ogistics and ansportation		Other		Corporate and liminations		Total	
Sales of commodities	\$	156.2	\$	3,948.4	\$	13.5	\$	_	\$	4,118.1	
Fees from midstream services		205.3		136.3				_		341.6	
		361.5		4,084.7	_	13.5		_		4,459.7	
Intersegment revenues											
Sales of commodities		1,786.0		108.3				(1,894.3)		_	
Fees from midstream services		0.6		11.5				(12.1)			
		1,786.6		119.8				(1,906.4)		_	
Revenues	\$	2,148.1	\$	4,204.5	\$	13.5	\$	(1,906.4)	\$	4,459.7	
Operating margin (1)	\$	361.4	\$	280.7	\$	13.5	\$	_	\$	655.6	
Other financial information:											
Total assets (2)	\$	8,560.6	\$	7,180.5	\$	42.3	\$	189.3	\$	15,972.7	
Goodwill	\$	45.2	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	45.2	
Capital expenditures	\$	98.0	\$	16.8	\$		\$	2.7	\$	117.5	

(1) (2)

Operating margin is calculated by subtracting Product purchases and fuel from Revenues. Assets in the Corporate and Eliminations column primarily include tax-related assets, cash, prepaids and debt issuance costs for our revolving credit facilities.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2020										
Revenues	Gathering and Logistics and and Processing Transportation Other Eliminations				and	Total					
Sales of commodities	\$ 135.7	\$	1,616.5	\$	88.6	\$		\$	1,840.8		
Fees from midstream services	 126.2		148.1		_		_		274.3		
	261.9		1,764.6		88.6		_		2,115.1		
Intersegment revenues											
Sales of commodities	611.9		37.4		—		(649.3)		_		
Fees from midstream services	 1.7		8.5				(10.2)				
	613.6		45.9		—		(659.5)		—		
Revenues	\$ 875.5	\$	1,810.5	\$	88.6	\$	(659.5)	\$	2,115.1		
Operating margin (1)	\$ 261.0	\$	280.4	\$	88.6	\$		\$	630.0		
Other financial information:											
Total assets (2)	\$ 8,929.4	\$	6,841.2	\$	78.2	\$	203.3	\$	16,052.1		
Goodwill	\$ 45.2	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	45.2		
Capital expenditures	\$ 63.6	\$	69.0	\$		\$	4.0	\$	136.6		

Operating margin is calculated by subtracting Product purchases and fuel from Revenues. Assets in the Corporate and Eliminations column primarily include tax-related assets, cash, prepaids and debt issuance costs for our revolving credit facilities. (1) (2)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021									
Revenues		thering and processing		ogistics and ansportation		Other		Corporate and Eliminations		Total
Sales of commodities	\$	446.2	\$	10,186.7	\$	(55.6)	\$	_	\$	10,577.3
Fees from midstream services		496.7		434.2						930.9
		942.9		10,620.9		(55.6)		_		11,508.2
Intersegment revenues										
Sales of commodities		3,940.4		283.5		_		(4,223.9)		_
Fees from midstream services		2.8		27.0				(29.8)		_
		3,943.2		310.5				(4,253.7)		_
Revenues	\$	4,886.1	\$	10,931.4	\$	(55.6)	\$	(4,253.7)	\$	11,508.2
Operating margin (1)	\$	938.2	\$	920.5	\$	(55.6)	\$	_	\$	1,803.1
Other financial information:										
Total assets (2)	\$	8,560.6	\$	7,180.5	\$	42.3	\$	189.3	\$	15,972.7
Goodwill	\$	45.2	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	45.2
Capital expenditures	\$	265.4	\$	42.0	\$		\$	9.1	\$	316.5

(1) (2)

Operating margin is calculated by subtracting Product purchases and fuel from Revenues. Assets in the Corporate and Eliminations column primarily include tax-related assets, cash, prepaids and debt issuance costs for our revolving credit facilities.

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020									
Revenues	Gathering and Processing			Logistics and Transportation Other		Other	Corporate and Eliminations			Total
Sales of commodities	\$	512.9	\$	4,172.0	\$	215.9	\$	_	\$	4,900.8
Fees from midstream services		354.5		432.2		_		_	_	786.7
		867.4		4,604.2		215.9				5,687.5
Intersegment revenues										
Sales of commodities		1,444.3		140.1		—		(1,584.4)		_
Fees from midstream services		4.9		23.8		_		(28.7)		
		1,449.2		163.9		_		(1,613.1)		_
Revenues	\$	2,316.6	\$	4,768.1	\$	215.9	\$	(1,613.1)	\$	5,687.5
Operating margin (1)	\$	753.7	\$	806.0	\$	215.9	\$		\$	1,775.6
Other financial information:										
Total assets (2)	\$	8,929.4	\$	6,841.2	\$	78.2	\$	203.3	\$	16,052.1
Goodwill	\$	45.2	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	45.2
Capital expenditures	\$	218.0	\$	375.5	\$		\$	16.8	\$	610.3

(1) (2)

Operating margin is calculated by subtracting Product purchases and fuel from Revenues. Assets in the Corporate and Eliminations column primarily include tax-related assets, cash, prepaids and debt issuance costs for our revolving credit facilities.

The following table shows our consolidated revenues disaggregated by product and service for the periods presented:

		Three Months En	ded Sep	tember 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
		2021	•	2020		2021	2020			
Sales of commodities: Revenue recognized from contracts with customers:										
Natural gas	\$	916.1	\$	351.1	\$	2,371.3	\$	893.9		
NGL		3,185.0		1,312.9		8,278.4		3,382.0		
Condensate and crude oil		100.7		54.4		256.2		217.8		
Petroleum products		_		13.2		_		69.8		
		4,201.8		1,731.6		10,905.9		4,563.5		
Non-customer revenue:										
Derivative activities - Hedge		(100.4)		19.2		(303.8)		139.4		
Derivative activities - Non-hedge (1)		16.7		90.0		(24.8)		197.9		
		(83.7)		109.2		(328.6)		337.3		
Total sales of commodities		4,118.1		1,840.8		10,577.3		4,900.8		
Fees from midstream services:										
Revenue recognized from contracts with customers:										
Gathering and processing		201.3		123.7		485.7		347.1		
NGL transportation, fractionation and services		45.8		43.8		138.5		116.7		
Storage, terminaling and export		87.7		96.6		273.1		285.5		
Other		6.8		10.2		33.6		37.4		
Total fees from midstream services		341.6		274.3		930.9		786.7		
Total revenues	\$	4,459.7	\$	2,115.1	\$	11,508.2	\$	5,687.5		

(1) Represents derivative activities that are not designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815.

The following table shows a reconciliation of reportable segment operating margin to income (loss) before income taxes for the periods presented:

	1	Three Months End	ed Ser	ptember 30,	Nine Months En	ded September 30,		
		2021		2020	2021		2020	
Reconciliation of reportable segment operating margin to income (loss) before income taxes:								
Gathering and Processing operating margin	\$	361.4	\$	261.0	\$ 938.2	\$	753.7	
Logistics and Transportation operating margin		280.7		280.4	920.5		806.0	
Other operating margin		13.5		88.6	(55.6)		215.9	
Depreciation and amortization expense		(222.8)		(203.7)	(650.9)		(647.3)	
General and administrative expense		(67.3)		(58.6)	(192.4)		(180.6)	
Impairment of long-lived assets		_		_	_		(2,442.8)	
Interest expense, net		(91.0)		(97.7)	(284.2)		(292.4)	
Equity earnings (loss)		14.3		18.6	38.9		54.1	
Gain (loss) on sale or disposition of business and assets		1.5		(58.0)	1.7		(58.0)	
Write-down of assets		(0.5)		(13.5)	(5.0)		(13.5)	
Gain (loss) from financing activities		`_´		(13.7)	(16.6)		47.4	
Other, net		0.2		0.7	0.2		(0.1)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	290.0	\$	204.1	\$ 694.8	\$	(1,757.6)	

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 ("Annual Report"), as well as the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes hereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

Targa Resources Corp. (NYSE: TRGP) is a publicly traded Delaware corporation formed in October 2005. Targa is a leading provider of midstream services and is one of the largest independent midstream infrastructure companies in North America. We own, operate, acquire, and develop a diversified portfolio of complementary domestic midstream infrastructure assets.

Our Operations

We are engaged primarily in the business of:

- gathering, compressing, treating, processing, transporting, and purchasing and selling natural gas;
- transporting, storing, fractionating, treating, and purchasing and selling NGLs and NGL products, including services to LPG exporters; and
- gathering, storing, terminaling, and purchasing and selling crude oil.

To provide these services, we operate in two primary segments: (i) Gathering and Processing, and (ii) Logistics and Transportation (also referred to as the Downstream Business).

Our Gathering and Processing segment includes assets used in the gathering and/or purchase and sale of natural gas produced from oil and gas wells, removing impurities and processing this raw natural gas into merchantable natural gas by extracting NGLs; and assets used for the gathering and terminaling and/or purchase and sale of crude oil. The Gathering and Processing segment's assets are located in the Permian Basin of West Texas and Southeast New Mexico (including the Midland, Central and Delaware Basins); the Eagle Ford Shale in South Texas; the Barnett Shale in North Texas; the Anadarko, Ardmore, and Arkoma Basins in Oklahoma (including the SCOOP and STACK) and South Central Kansas; the Williston Basin in North Dakota (including the Bakken and Three Forks plays); and the onshore and near offshore regions of the Louisiana Gulf Coast and the Gulf of Mexico.

Our Logistics and Transportation segment includes the activities and assets necessary to convert mixed NGLs into NGL products and also includes other assets and value-added services such as transporting, storing, fractionating, terminaling, and marketing of NGLs and NGL products, including services to LPG exporters and certain natural gas supply and marketing activities in support of our other businesses. The Logistics and Transportation segment also includes the Grand Prix NGL Pipeline ("Grand Prix"), which connects our gathering and processing positions in the Permian Basin, Southern Oklahoma and North Texas with our downstream facilities in Mont Belvieu, Texas, as well as our equity interest in Gulf Coast Express Pipeline LLC ("GCX"), a natural gas pipeline connecting the Waha hub in West Texas and other receipt points, including many of our Midland Basin processing facilities, to Agua Dulce in South Texas and other delivery points. The associated assets, including these pipelines, are generally connected to and supplied in part by our Gathering and Processing segment and, except for the pipelines and smaller terminals, are located predominantly in Mont Belvieu and Galena Park, Texas, and in Lake Charles, Louisiana.

Other contains the unrealized mark-to-market gains/losses related to derivative contracts that were not designated as cash flow hedges.

Recent Developments

Permian Midland Processing Expansion

In November 2020, we announced the transfer of an existing cryogenic natural gas processing plant from our North Texas system (the "Longhorn Plant"), to our Permian Midland system. The plant was relocated to and installed in Reagan County, Texas, in 2021, as a new 200 MMcf/d cryogenic natural gas processing plant (the "Heim Plant"). The Heim Plant, which commenced operations in the third quarter of 2021, processes natural gas production from the Permian Basin.

In August 2021, in response to increasing production and to meet the infrastructure needs of producers, we announced the construction of a new 250 MMcf/d cryogenic natural gas processing plant in the Midland Basin (the "Legacy Plant"). The Legacy Plant is expected to begin operations in the fourth quarter of 2022.

In November 2021, we announced that we were ordering long-lead items for our next potential gas plant in Permian Midland to meet the future infrastructure needs of our producers given our expectation for increasing production beyond the Legacy Plant.

Capital Allocation

In November 2021, we announced an update to our capital allocation strategy, including that for the fourth quarter of 2021, we intend to recommend to our board of directors an increase to our common dividend to \$0.35 per common share or \$1.40 per common share annualized. The initial recommended common dividend per share increase is expected to be effective for the fourth quarter of 2021 and payable in February 2022. We expect to continue to simplify our capital structure through repurchase of our interests in our development company joint ventures from investment vehicles affiliated with Stonepeak Infrastructure Partners for approximately \$925 million in January 2022 and the redemption of outstanding shares of our Series A Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred") over time, once the redemption price steps down in March 2022, while continuing to invest in accretive growth opportunities across our core integrated strategy. We also may opportunistically repurchase common stock under our existing \$500 million authorized share repurchase program (the "Share Repurchase Program").

Financing Activities

In February 2021, the Partnership issued \$1.0 billion of 4% Senior Notes due 2032, resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$991 million. A portion of the net proceeds from the issuance were used to fund the concurrent cash tender offer (the "February Tender Offer") and subsequent redemption payment for the Partnership's 5½% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "5½% Notes"), with the remainder used for repayment of borrowings under the Partnership's senior secured revolving credit facility (the "TRP Revolver") and our senior secured revolving credit facility (the "TRP Revolver") and our senior secured revolving credit facility (the "TRP Revolver") and our senior secured a loss due to debt extinguishment of \$14.9 million comprised of \$12.5 million of premiums paid and a write-off of \$2.4 million of debt issuance costs.

Additionally, Targa Pipeline Partners LP ("TPL") redeemed all of the outstanding TPL 4¾% Senior Notes due 2021 and TPL 5‰% Senior Notes due 2023 (collectively, the "TPL Notes") on February 22, 2021 with available liquidity under the TRP Revolver. As a result of the redemptions of the TPL Notes, we recorded a gain due to debt extinguishment of \$0.2 million.

The Partnership redeemed all of the outstanding 4¼% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "4¼% Notes") on May 17, 2021 with available liquidity under the TRP Revolver. As a result of the redemption of the 4¼% Notes, we recorded a loss due to debt extinguishment of \$1.9 million.

We or the Partnership may retire or purchase various series of our outstanding debt through cash purchases and/or exchanges for other debt, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Additionally, we may redeem all or a portion of our Series A Preferred in the future pursuant to its terms or repurchase Series A Preferred shares in privately negotiated transactions. Such repurchases, exchanges or redemptions, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

On April 21, 2021, we amended the Partnership's accounts receivable securitization facility (the "Securitization Facility") to increase the facility size from \$350.0 million to \$400.0 million to more closely align with our expectations for borrowing needs given current commodity prices and to extend the facility termination date to April 21, 2022.

For additional information about our debt-related transactions, see Note 5 - Debt Obligations to our consolidated financial statements.

COVID-19 Pandemic

The global spread of COVID-19 during 2020 and 2021 has caused significant commodity market volatility. We are currently experiencing no material issues with potential workforce, supply chain or customer relationship disruptions. Although significant progress has been made towards the development, distribution and administration of various COVID-19 vaccines, there continues to be significant uncertainty about the disruptions and other effects related to COVID-19. As a result, we are unable to determine the extent that these events could materially impact our future financial position, operations and/or cash flows.

Impact of Winter Weather

In February 2021, the Central region of the United States experienced unprecedented cold temperatures during a major winter storm that disrupted production operations, midstream infrastructure and many other services. This extreme weather caused wide fluctuations in commodity prices, short-term disruptions to Targa's operations across Texas, Oklahoma and Louisiana, including

reduced throughput volumes coming into our systems, and adversely affected the operations and financial condition of some of our counterparties. Though certain Company facilities experienced temporary outages, all facilities have since returned to full operations without sustaining any long-term impacts or significant adverse financial impacts related to the weather event, and throughput volumes have returned to pre-storm levels. The full financial impact of the winter storm still remains uncertain as it is subject to recently proposed regulatory changes and potential customer and counterparty risk. For further discussion, see "Item 1A. Risk Factors."

Corporation Tax Matters

The IRS notified us on April 3, 2019, that it will examine Targa's federal income tax returns (Form 1120) for 2014, 2015 and 2016. The IRS completed their examination without proposing any adjustments, and the Joint Committee on Taxation approved the IRS' findings without any exception. The Joint Committee on Taxation sent Targa a closing letter dated February 23, 2021. The closing letter effectively ends the IRS' audit of Targa's federal income tax returns for 2014, 2015 and 2016.

FERC Regulatory Matters

On December 17, 2020, FERC issued an Order Establishing Index Level establishing an index level of the Producer Price Index for Finished Goods plus 0.78% for the five-year period commencing July 1, 2021, and ending June 30, 2026 ("December 2020 Order"). On May 14, 2021, FERC published a revised oil pricing index factor utilizing the oil pricing index factor established in the December 2020 Order, resulting in a negative percent change for the index year July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022. This means that the ceiling level for certain oil pipelines' rates may decrease and, if the actual transportation rate would be above such ceiling level, the rate must decrease to be equal to or less than the applicable ceiling. However, a number of our pipeline rates, including all rates on Grand Prix Pipeline LLC ("Grand Prix Joint Venture") and Targa Gulf Coast NGL Pipeline LLC, and certain rates on Targa NGL Pipeline Company LLC had not been adjusted in a number of years, and, therefore, these pipelines increased their rates to equal the applicable new ceiling level. Certain rates on the Targa NGL Pipeline Company LLC system were reduced to equal the ceiling level. However, requests for rehearing of the December 2020 Order were filed with FERC, and those requests remain pending, with rehearing granted for purposes of extending the time FERC has to review these requests. FERC's final application of its indexing rate methodology for the next five-year term of index rates will be determined based on the outcome of these requests for rehearing, and any changes to FERC's index level may impact our revenues associated with any transportation services we may provide pursuant to rates adjusted by the FERC oil pipeline index.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements that will affect us, see "Recent Accounting Pronouncements" included within Note 3 – Significant Accounting Policies in our Consolidated Financial Statements.

How We Evaluate Our Operations

The profitability of our business is a function of the difference between: (i) the revenues we receive from our operations, including fee-based revenues from services and revenues from the natural gas, NGLs, crude oil and condensate we sell, and (ii) the costs associated with conducting our operations, including the costs of wellhead natural gas, crude oil and mixed NGLs that we purchase as well as operating, general and administrative costs and the impact of our commodity hedging activities. Because commodity price movements tend to impact both revenues and costs, increases or decreases in our revenues alone are not necessarily indicative of increases or decreases in our profitability. Our contract portfolio, the prevailing pricing environment for crude oil, natural gas and NGLs, the impact of our commodity hedging program and its ability to mitigate exposure to commodity price movements, and the volumes of crude oil, natural gas and NGL throughput on our systems are important factors in determining our profitability. Our profitability is also affected by the NGL content in gathered wellhead natural gas, supply and demand for our products and services, utilization of our assets and changes in our customer mix.

Our profitability is also impacted by fee-based contracts. Our growing capital expenditures for pipelines and gathering and processing assets underpinned by fee-based margin, expansion of our downstream facilities, continued focus on adding fee-based margin to our existing and future gathering and processing contracts, as well as third-party acquisitions of businesses and assets, will continue to increase the number of our contracts that are fee-based. Fixed fees for services such as gathering and processing, transportation, fractionation, storage, terminaling and crude oil gathering are not directly tied to changes in market prices for commodities. Nevertheless, a change in market dynamics such as available commodity throughput does affect profitability.

Management uses a variety of financial measures and operational measurements to analyze our performance. These include: (1) throughput volumes, facility efficiencies and fuel consumption, (2) operating expenses, (3) capital expenditures and (4) the following non-GAAP measures: adjusted gross margin, adjusted operating margin, adjusted EBITDA, distributable cash flow and adjusted free cash flow.



Throughput Volumes, Facility Efficiencies and Fuel Consumption

Our profitability is impacted by our ability to add new sources of natural gas supply and crude oil supply to offset the natural decline of existing volumes from oil and natural gas wells that are connected to our gathering and processing systems. This is achieved by connecting new wells and adding new volumes in existing areas of production, as well as by capturing crude oil and natural gas supplies currently gathered by third parties. Similarly, our profitability is impacted by our ability to add new sources of mixed NGL supply, connected by third-party transportation and Grand Prix, to our Downstream Business fractionation facilities and at times to our export facilities. We fractionate NGLs generated by our gathering and processing plants, as well as by contracting for mixed NGL supply from third-party facilities.

In addition, we seek to increase adjusted operating margin by limiting volume losses, reducing fuel consumption and by increasing efficiency. With our gathering systems' extensive use of remote monitoring capabilities, we monitor the volumes received at the wellhead or central delivery points along our gathering systems, the volume of natural gas received at our processing plant inlets and the volumes of NGLs and residue natural gas recovered by our processing plants. We also monitor the volumes of NGLs received, stored, fractionated and delivered across our logistics assets. This information is tracked through our processing plants and Downstream Business facilities to determine customer settlements for sales and volume related fees for service and helps us increase efficiency and reduce fuel consumption.

As part of monitoring the efficiency of our operations, we measure the difference between the volume of natural gas received at the wellhead or central delivery points on our gathering systems and the volume received at the inlet of our processing plants as an indicator of fuel consumption and line loss. We also track the difference between the volume of natural gas received at the inlet of the processing plant and the NGLs and residue gas produced at the outlet of such plant to monitor the fuel consumption and recoveries of our facilities. Similar tracking is performed for our crude oil gathering and logistics assets and our NGL pipelines. These volume, recovery and fuel consumption measurements are an important part of our operational efficiency analysis and safety programs.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses are costs associated with the operation of specific assets. Labor, contract services, repair and maintenance and ad valorem taxes comprise the most significant portion of our operating expenses. These expenses remain relatively stable and independent of the volumes through our systems, but may increase with system expansions and will fluctuate depending on the scope of the activities performed during a specific period.

Capital Expenditures

Our capital expenditures are classified as growth capital expenditures and maintenance capital expenditures. Growth capital expenditures improve the service capability of the existing assets, extend asset useful lives, increase capacities from existing levels, add capabilities, and reduce costs or enhance revenues. Maintenance capital expenditures are those expenditures that are necessary to maintain the service capability of our existing assets, including the replacement of system components and equipment, which are worn, obsolete or completing their useful life and expenditures to remain in compliance with environmental laws and regulations.

Capital spending associated with growth and maintenance projects is closely monitored. Return on investment is analyzed before a capital project is approved, spending is closely monitored throughout the development of the project, and the subsequent operational performance is compared to the assumptions used in the economic analysis performed for the capital investment approval.

Non-GAAP Measures

We utilize non-GAAP measures to analyze our performance. Adjusted gross margin, adjusted operating margin, adjusted EBITDA, distributable cash flow, and adjusted free cash flow are non-GAAP measures. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to these non-GAAP measures are gross margin, income (loss) from operations and net income (loss) attributable to TRC. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered as an alternative to the comparable GAAP measures and have important limitations as analytical tools. Investors should not consider these measures in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Additionally, because our non-GAAP measures exclude some, but not all, items that affect net income, and are defined differently by different companies within our industry, our definitions may not be comparable with similarly titled measures of other companies, thereby diminishing their utility. Management compensates for the limitations of our non-GAAP measures as analytical tools by reviewing the comparable GAAP measures, understanding the differences between the measures and incorporating these insights into our decision-making processes.

Adjusted Gross Margin

We define adjusted gross margin as revenues less product purchases and fuel. It is impacted by volumes and commodity prices as well as by our contract mix and commodity hedging program.

Gathering and Processing segment adjusted gross margin consists primarily of:

- service fees related to natural gas and crude oil gathering, treating and processing; and
- revenues from the sale of natural gas, condensate, crude oil and NGLs less producer payments, natural gas and crude oil purchases, and our equity volume hedge settlements.

Logistics and Transportation segment adjusted gross margin consists primarily of:

- service fees (including the pass-through of energy costs included in fee rates);
- system product gains and losses; and
- NGL and natural gas sales, less NGL and natural gas purchases, fuel, third-party transportation costs and the net inventory change.

The adjusted gross margin impacts of mark-to-market hedge unrealized changes in fair value are reported in Other.

Adjusted Operating Margin

We define adjusted operating margin as adjusted gross margin less operating expenses. Adjusted operating margin is an important performance measure of the core profitability of our operations. Adjusted gross margin and adjusted operating margin provide useful information to investors because they are used as supplemental financial measures by management and by external users of our financial statements, including investors and commercial banks, to assess:

- the financial performance of our assets without regard to financing methods, capital structure or historical cost basis;
- our operating performance and return on capital as compared to other companies in the midstream energy sector, without regard to financing
 or capital structure; and
- the viability of capital expenditure projects and acquisitions and the overall rates of return on alternative investment opportunities.

Management reviews business segment adjusted gross margin and operating margin monthly as a core internal management process. We believe that investors benefit from having access to the same financial measures that management uses in evaluating our operating results.

Adjusted EBITDA

We define adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) attributable to TRC before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and other items that we believe should be adjusted consistent with our core operating performance. The adjusting items are detailed in the adjusted EBITDA reconciliation table and its footnotes. Adjusted EBITDA is used as a supplemental financial measure by us and by external users of our financial statements such as investors, commercial banks and others to measure the ability of our assets to generate cash sufficient to pay interest costs, support our indebtedness and pay dividends to our investors.

Distributable Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow

We define distributable cash flow as adjusted EBITDA less distributions to TRP preferred limited partners, cash interest expense on debt obligations, cash tax (expense) benefit and maintenance capital expenditures (net of any reimbursements of project costs). The Preferred Units that were issued by the Partnership in October 2015 were redeemed in December 2020, and are no longer outstanding. We define adjusted free cash flow as distributable cash flow less growth capital expenditures, net of contributions from noncontrolling interest and net contributions to investments in unconsolidated affiliates. Distributable cash flow and adjusted free cash flow are performance measures used by us and by external users of our financial statements, such as investors, commercial banks and research analysts, to assess our ability to generate cash earnings (after servicing our debt and funding capital expenditures) to be used for corporate purposes, such as payment of dividends, retirement of debt or redemption of other financing arrangements.

Our Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The following tables reconcile the non-GAAP financial measures used by management to the most directly comparable GAAP measures for the periods indicated:

	,	Three Months End	led Sep	otember 30,		Nine Months End	ed Sep	tember 30,
		2021		2020		2021		2020
				(In mil	lions)			
Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Operations to Adjusted Operating Margin								
Income (loss) from operations	\$	366.5	\$	295.5	\$	956.4	\$	(1,568.9)
Depreciation and amortization expense		222.8		203.7		650.9		647.3
General and administrative expense		67.3		58.6		192.4		180.6
Impairment of long-lived assets		—		_		_		2,442.8
(Gain) loss on sale or disposition of business and assets		(1.5)		58.0		(1.7)		58.0
Write-down of assets		0.5		13.5		5.0		13.5
Other, net		_		0.7		0.1		2.3
Adjusted operating margin	\$	655.6	\$	630.0	\$	1,803.1	\$	1,775.6

	Three	Months End	ded Sept	ember 30,	Ν	Nine Months End	ed September 30,		
	2021			2020		2021		2020	
				(In mil	lions)				
Reconciliation of Gross Margin to Adjusted Gross Margin					-				
Gross Margin	\$	622.2	\$	588.5	\$	1,697.5	\$	1,635.1	
Depreciation and amortization expense		222.8		203.7		650.9		647.3	
Adjusted gross margin	\$	845.0	\$	792.2	\$	2,348.4	\$	2,282.4	

Th	ree Months End	led Sep	otember 30,		Nine Months En	ded September 30,		
	2021		2020		2021		2020	
			(In mil	lions)				
\$	182.2	\$	69.3	\$	384.8	\$	(1,587.5)	
Ŷ		Ŷ	2.8	Ψ		Ŷ	8.4	
	91.0		97.7		284.2		292.4	
	2.0		31.9		23.5		(286.6)	
	222.8		203.7		650.9		647.3	
			_				2,442.8	
	(1.5)		58.0		(1.7)		58.0	
	0.5		13.5		5.0		13.5	
	_		13.7		16.6		(47.4)	
	(14.3)		(18.6)		(38.9)		(54.1)	
	28.2		28.2		88.4		81.6	
	14.7		16.4		44.6		49.5	
	(12.6)		(88.3)		55.6		(214.2)	
			—		_		6.5	
	(7.1)		(9.2)		(31.6)		(211.7)	
\$	505.9	\$	419.1	\$	1,481.4	\$	1,198.5	
	_		(2.8)		_		(8.4)	
	(91.6)		(98.2)		(285.8)		(289.5)	
	(31.1)		(27.3)		(78.4)		(67.7)	
	1.5		3.9		5.5		1.6	
	(0.8)		_		(2.0)		44.4	
\$	383.9	\$	294.7	\$	1,120.7	\$	878.9	
	(86.7)		(105.4)		(227.9)		(518.5)	
\$	297.2	\$	189.3	\$	892.8	\$	360.4	
		2021 \$ 182.2 	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline (In millipsel c) & (In millipsel c) \\ \hline $ 182.2 $ $ 69.3 \\ - 2.8 \\ 91.0 $ 97.7 \\ 2.0 $ 31.9 \\ 222.8 $ 203.7 \\ 2.0 $ 31.9 \\ 222.8 $ 203.7 \\ 0.5 $ 13.5 \\ - $ 13.5 \\ 0.5 $ 13.5 \\ - $ 13.7 \\ (14.3) $ (18.6) \\ 28.2 $ 228.2 \\ 14.7 $ 16.4 \\ (12.6) $ (18.3) \\ - $ 13.7 \\ (14.3) $ (18.6) \\ 28.2 $ 28.2 \\ 28.2 $ 28.2 \\ 14.7 $ 16.4 \\ (12.6) $ (18.3) \\ - $ - $ - $ - $ - $ - $ - $ - $ - $ -$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline \hline & 2021 & 2020 & (In millions) \\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & &$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	

Excludes amortization of interest expense. Represents growth capital expenditures, net of contributions from noncontrolling interests and net contributions to investments in unconsolidated affiliates. (3) (4)

⁽¹⁾ (2) Gains or losses on debt repurchases or early debt extinguishments. Noncontrolling interest portion of depreciation and amortization expense (including the effects of the impairment of long-lived assets on non-controlling interests), net of non-cash accretion of noncontrolling interests.

Consolidated Results of Operations

The following table and discussion is a summary of our consolidated results of operations:

	Three Months Ended September 30,								Nine Months End	ed Sep	tember 30,	r 30,			
		2021		2020		2021 vs. 2020			2021		2020	2021 vs. 2	2020		
_							(In millio	ns)							
Revenues:	A	4 110 1	A	1.0.10.0	<i>.</i>	0.055.0	10.10/	¢	10 555 0	¢	1000.0	• • • • • • • • • •	44.00/		
Sales of commodities	\$	4,118.1	\$	1,840.8	\$ 2	2,277.3	124%	\$	10,577.3	\$	4,900.8	\$ 5,676.5	116%		
Fees from midstream services		341.6		274.3		67.3	25%		930.9		786.7	144.2	18%		
Total revenues		4,459.7		2,115.1		2,344.6	111%		11,508.2		5,687.5	5,820.7	102%		
Product purchases and fuel (1)		3,614.7		1,322.9	4	2,291.8	173%		9,159.8		3,405.1	5,754.7	169%		
Operating expenses (1)		189.4		162.2		27.2	17%		545.3		506.8	38.5	8%		
Depreciation and amortization expense		222.8		203.7		19.1	9%		650.9		647.3	3.6	1%		
General and administrative expense		67.3		58.6		8.7	15%		192.4		180.6	11.8	7%		
Impairment of long-lived assets		_									2,442.8	(2,442.8)	(100%)		
Other operating (income) expense		(1.0)		72.2		(73.2)	(101%)		3.4		73.8	(70.4)	(95%)		
Income (loss) from operations		366.5		295.5		71.0	24%		956.4		(1,568.9)	2,525.3	161%		
Interest expense, net		(91.0)		(97.7)		6.7	7%		(284.2)		(292.4)	8.2	3%		
Equity earnings (loss)		14.3		18.6		(4.3)	(23%)		38.9		54.1	(15.2)	(28%)		
Gain (loss) from financing activities		—		(13.7)		13.7	100%		(16.6)		47.4	(64.0)	(135%)		
Other, net		0.2		1.4		(1.2)	NM		0.3		2.2	(1.9)	NM		
Income tax (expense) benefit		(2.0)		(31.9)		29.9	94%		(23.5)		286.6	(310.1)	(108%)		
Net income (loss)		288.0		172.2		115.8	67%		671.3		(1,471.0)	2,142.3	146%		
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to															
noncontrolling interests		105.8		102.9		2.9	3%		286.5		116.5	170.0	146%		
Net income (loss) attributable to Targa			_		_			_							
Resources Corp.		182.2		69.3		112.9	163%		384.8		(1,587.5)	1,972.3	124%		
Dividends on Series A Preferred Stock		21.8		22.9		(1.1)	(5%)		65.5		68.8	(3.3)	(5%)		
Deemed dividends on Series A Preferred															
Stock		_		9.5		(9.5)	(100%)		_		27.7	(27.7)	(100%)		
Net income (loss) attributable to common			_		_			_							
shareholders	\$	160.4	\$	36.9	\$	123.5	NM	\$	319.3	\$	(1,684.0)	\$ 2,003.3	119%		
Financial data:															
Adjusted EBITDA (2)	\$	505.9	\$	419.1	\$	86.8	21%	\$	1,481.4	\$	1,198.5	\$ 282.9	24%		
Distributable cash flow (2)		383.9		294.7		89.2	30%		1,120.7		878.9	241.8	28%		
Adjusted free cash flow (2)		297.2		189.3		107.9	57%		892.8		360.4	532.4	148%		

(1) Beginning in 2021, we reclassified certain fuel and power costs previously included in Operating expenses to Product purchases and fuel to better reflect the direct relationship of these costs to our revenue-generating activities and align with our evaluation of the performance of the business.

(2) Adjusted EBITDA, distributable cash flow and adjusted free cash flow are non-GAAP financial measures and are discussed under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – How We Evaluate Our Operations."

NM Due to a low denominator, the noted percentage change is disproportionately high and as a result, considered not meaningful or material.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2021 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

The increase in commodity sales reflects higher NGL, natural gas and condensate prices (\$2,259.0 million) and higher NGL and natural gas volumes (\$226.6 million), partially offset by the unfavorable impact of hedges (\$192.8 million).

The increase in fees from midstream services is primarily due to higher gas gathering and processing fees, partially offset by lower terminaling and storage fees.

The increase in product purchases and fuel reflects higher NGL, natural gas and condensate prices and higher NGL and natural gas volumes.

Operating expenses were higher due to increased labor costs and higher repairs and maintenance primarily due to increased activity levels and system expansions.

See "-Results of Operations-By Reportable Segment" for additional information on a segment basis.

The increase in depreciation and amortization expense is primarily due to a full quarter of depreciation on major growth capital projects previously placed in service, including the addition of fractionation trains in Mont Belvieu, Texas and additional processing plants and associated infrastructure in the Permian Basin. The increase in depreciation and amortization expense was partially offset by the sale of assets in Channelview, Texas, in October 2020. The increase in general and administrative expense is primarily due to higher compensation and benefits and an increase in insurance costs.

Other operating (income) expense in 2020 consisted primarily of a loss associated with the reduction in the carrying value of our assets in Channelview, Texas in connection with the October 2020 Sale and write-down of certain assets to their recoverable amounts.

The decrease in interest expense, net is primarily due to lower net borrowings, partially offset by lower capitalized interest resulting from lower growth capital investments.

During the third quarter of 2020, the Partnership redeemed the 634% Senior Notes due 2024, resulting in a \$13.7 million net loss from financing activities.

The decrease in income tax expense is primarily due to a larger release of the valuation allowance in 2021 compared to 2020.

The decrease in dividends on Series A Preferred is due to the partial repurchase of our Series A Preferred in December 2020.

The decrease in deemed dividends on Series A Preferred is due to the adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2020-06, *Debt - Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging - Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity, which no longer requires the discount accretion related to beneficial conversion feature as a deemed dividend.*

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

The increase in commodity sales reflects higher NGL, natural gas and condensate prices (\$5,840.0 million) and higher NGL and natural gas volumes (\$650.5 million), partially offset by lower petroleum products, crude marketing and condensate volumes (\$148.0 million) and the unfavorable impact of hedges (\$666.0 million).

The increase in fees from midstream services is primarily due to higher gas gathering and processing fees, partially offset by lower terminaling and storage fees.

The increase in product purchases and fuel reflects higher NGL, natural gas and condensate prices and higher NGL and natural gas volumes, partially offset by lower petroleum products, crude marketing and condensate volumes.

Operating expenses were higher due to increased labor costs, higher repairs and maintenance and higher ad valorem taxes primarily due to increased activity levels and system expansions.

See "-Results of Operations-By Reportable Segment" for additional information on a segment basis.

The increase in general and administrative expense is primarily due to higher compensation and benefits and an increase in insurance costs, partially offset by a decrease in professional fees.

In 2020, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax impairment charge of \$2,442.8 million, primarily associated with the partial impairment of certain gas processing facilities and gathering systems associated with our Central operations and full impairment of our Coastal operations.

Other operating (income) expense in 2020 consisted primarily of a loss associated with the reduction in the carrying value of our assets in Channelview, Texas in connection with the October 2020 Sale and write-down of certain assets to their recoverable amounts.

The decrease in interest expense, net is primarily due to lower net borrowings, partially offset by lower capitalized interest resulting from lower growth capital investments.

The decrease in equity earnings is primarily due to lower earnings from our investments in Gulf Coast Fractionators and Cayenne Pipeline LLC, partially offset by an increase from Little Missouri 4 LLC ("Little Missouri 4").

During 2021, the Partnership redeemed the 5¹/₈% Notes, the TPL Notes and the 4¹/₄% Notes resulting in a \$16.6 million net loss from financing activities. During 2020, the Partnership repurchased a portion of its outstanding senior notes on the open market, resulting in a \$47.4 million net gain from financing activities.

The increase in income tax expense is primarily due to an increase in pre-tax book income, partially offset by a decrease in the valuation allowance.

The increase in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests is primarily due to impairment losses allocated to noncontrolling interest holders in the first quarter of 2020 and higher income allocated to noncontrolling interest holders in Grand Prix Joint Venture. The increase in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests was partially offset by the impact of the redemption of the Partnership's preferred units in December 2020.

The decrease in dividends on Series A Preferred is due to the partial repurchase of our Series A Preferred in December 2020.

The decrease in deemed dividends on Series A Preferred is due to the adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2020-06, *Debt - Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging - Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity, which no longer requires the discount accretion related to beneficial conversion feature as a deemed dividend.*

Results of Operations—By Reportable Segment

Our operating margins by reportable segment are:

	Gathering and Processing		Logistics and Transportation		Other	Total
			(In mi	llions)		
Three Months Ended:						
September 30), 2021 \$ 361.4	4 \$	280.7	\$	13.5	\$ 655.6
September 30), 2020 261.0	D	280.4		88.6	630.0
•						
Nine Months Ended:						
September 30), 2021 \$ 938.2	2 \$	920.5	\$	(55.6)	\$ 1,803.1
September 30			806.0		215.9	1,775.6
1						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		36				

Gathering and Processing Segment

$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	s. 2020
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Adjusted gross margin (1) \$ 484.2 \$ 363.1 \$ 121.1 33% \$ 1,281.3 \$ 1,067.3 \$ 214 Operating statistics (2): Permian Midlad (5) 2,109.2 1,811.5 297.7 16% 1,900.7 1,722.1 178 Total Permian 2,951.9 2,569.6 382.3 23.6 (53.1) (23%) 184.0 26.15 77 South TX 180.5 233.6 (53.1) (23%) 184.0 26.15 77 North Texas 180.7 197.8 (17.1) (9%) 179.2 206.3 (27.2) South TX 180.6 135.2 137.0 (18.0) (23%) 184.0 26.15 (77 South OK 420.6 363.9 33.7 9% 420.6 463.3 (60 Total Central 1.001.2 1.051.9 (50.7) 977.4 1.189.8 (212 Badlands (6) 135.2 137.0 (1.8) 137.8 3.821.8 3.760.4 61 Coastal 527.1 522.8 4.3 1%	
Operating statistics (2): Plant natural gas inlet, MMc//d (3),(4) 2,109.2 1,811.5 297.7 16% 1,900.7 1,722.1 178 Permian Delaware 842.7 758.1 846.6 11% 805.9 712.4 93 Total Permian 2,951.9 2,569.6 382.3 2,706.6 2,434.5 277 SouthTX 180.5 233.6 (53.1) (23%) 184.0 261.5 77 North Texas 180.7 197.8 (17.1) (9%) 179.2 206.3 (27) SouthCK 219.4 233.6 (14.2) (9%) 179.2 206.3 (27) SouthOK 219.4 233.6 (14.2) (9%) 179.2 206.3 (27) SouthOK 219.4 233.6 (14.2) (9%) 179.2 206.3 (27) Badlands (6) 135.2 137.0 (1.8) (1%) 137.8 136.1 1 Total Field 4,088.3 3,758.5 329.8 3,821.8 <t< td=""><td>_</td></t<>	_
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Total 4,615.4 4,281.3 334.1 8% 4,420.1 4,433.3 (13) NGL production, MBbl/d (4) Permian Midland (5) 307.3 253.0 54.3 21% 274.8 247.6 27 Permian Delaware 119.8 105.3 14.5 14% 109.3 97.1 12 Total Permian 427.1 358.3 68.8 384.1 344.7 39 SouthTX 24.2 29.2 (5.0) (17%) 22.6 28.7 (6) North Texas 21.0 23.7 (2.7) (11%) 20.2 24.5 (4) SouthOK 52.1 45.9 6.2 14% 48.8 54.6 (5) WestOK 15.7 19.3 (3.6) (19%) 16.2 21.2 (5) Total Central 113.0 118.1 (5.1) 107.8 129.0 (21 Badlands 16.2 17.0 (0.8) (5%) 16.0 16.3 (0)	ļ .
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NGL production, MBbl/d (4)	5) (11%)
NGL production, MBbl/d (4)	_
Permian Midland (5) 307.3 253.0 54.3 21% 274.8 247.6 27 Permian Delaware 119.8 105.3 14.5 14% 109.3 97.1 12 Total Permian 427.1 358.3 68.8 384.1 344.7 39 SouthTX 24.2 29.2 (5.0) (17%) 22.6 28.7 (6 North Texas 21.0 23.7 (2.7) (11%) 20.2 24.5 (4 SouthOK 52.1 45.9 6.2 14% 48.8 54.6 (5 WestOK 15.7 19.3 (3.6) (19%) 16.2 21.2 (5 Total Central 113.0 118.1 (5.1) 107.8 129.0 (21 Badlands 16.2 17.0 (0.8) (5%) 16.0 16.3 (0 Total Field 556.3 493.4 62.9 507.9 490.0 17 Coastal 28.0 32.5	2) —
Permian Delaware 119.8 105.3 14.5 14% 109.3 97.1 12 Total Permian 427.1 358.3 68.8 384.1 344.7 39 SouthTX 24.2 29.2 (5.0) (17%) 22.6 28.7 (6 North Texas 21.0 23.7 (2.7) (11%) 20.2 24.5 (4 SouthOK 52.1 45.9 6.2 14% 48.8 54.6 (5 WestOK 15.7 19.3 (3.6) (19%) 16.2 21.2 (5 Total Central 113.0 118.1 (5.1) 107.8 129.0 (21 Badlands 16.2 17.0 (0.8) (5%) 16.0 16.3 (0 Total Field 556.3 493.4 62.9 507.9 490.0 17 Coastal 28.0 32.5 (4.5) (14%) 34.5 41.5 (7	
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Total Field 556.3 493.4 62.9 507.9 490.0 17 Coastal 28.0 32.5 (4.5) (14%) 34.5 41.5 (7	3) (2%)
Coastal 28.0 32.5 (4.5) (14%) 34.5 41.5 (7	
	,
) (17%)
	(1770)
Total 584.3 525.9 58.4 11% 542.4 531.5 10	2%
Crude oil, Badlands, MBbl/d 140.8 146.4 (5.6) (4%) 138.7 160.4 (21	=
Crude oil, Dermian, MBb/d 34.1 44.6 (10.5) (4.09) 150.7 (24) Crude oil, Dermian, MBb/d 34.1 44.6 (10.5) (24.9) 35.3 (10)	
Natural gas sales, BBtu/d (4) 2,319,9 2,032.3 287.6 14% 2,162.5 2,079.3 83	
NGL sales, MBbl/d (4) 412.6 389.5 23.1 6% 384.7 406.0 (21	
Condensate sales, MBbl/d 15.4 13.6 1.8 13% 15.3 16.1 (0	
Average realized prices - inclusive of	(- / *)
hedges (7):	
Natural gas, \$/MMBtu 3.51 1.34 2.17 162% 2.85 1.10 1.	
NGL, \$/gal 0.69 0.29 0.40 138% 0.56 0.24 0.	
Condensate, \$\science{bl}\$ 64.41 43.49 20.92 48% 56.86 38.56 18.3) 47%

(1) Beginning in 2021, we reclassified certain fuel and power costs previously included in Operating expenses to Product purchases and fuel to better reflect the direct relationship of these costs to our revenue-generating activities and align with our evaluation of the performance of the business.

(2) Segment operating statistics include the effect of intersegment amounts, which have been eliminated from the consolidated presentation. For all volume statistics presented, the numerator

Plant natural gas inlet volumes and gross NGL production volumes include producer take-in-kind volumes, while natural gas sales and NGL sales exclude producer take-in-kind volumes. Permian Midland includes operations in WestTX, of which we own 72.8%, and other plants that are owned 100% by us. Operating results for the WestTX undivided interest assets are (3) (4) (5)

resultant includes operations in west 1A, or winch we own 72.0%, and other plants that are owned 100% by us. Operating results for the West1X undivided interest assets are presented on a pro-rata net basis in our reported financials. Badlands natural gas inlet represents the total wellhead volume and includes the Targa volumes processed at the Little Missouri 4 plant. Average realized prices include the effect of realized commodity hedge gain/loss attributable to our equity volumes. The price is calculated using total commodity sales plus the hedge gain/loss as the numerator and total sales volume as the denominator. (6) (7)

The following table presents the realized commodity hedge gain (loss) attributable to our equity volumes that are included in the adjusted gross margin of the Gathering and Processing segment:

	Three Mon	Three Months Ended September 30, 2021						Three Months Ended Septembe					
		(In millions, except volumetric data and price amounts)											
	Volume	P	Price		Gain	Volume		Price		Gain			
	Settled	Spr	read (1)		(Loss)	Settled	Sp	read (1)		(Loss)			
Natural gas (BBtu)	20.5	\$	(1.52)	\$	(31.2)	17.5	\$	0.20	\$	3.5			
NGL (MMgal)	150.4		(0.35)		(52.4)	126.4		0.08		10.5			
Crude oil (MBbl)	0.5		(18.80)		(9.4)	0.5		16.75		8.0			
				\$	(93.0)				\$	22.0			

(1) The price spread is the differential between the contracted derivative instrument pricing and the price of the corresponding settled commodity transaction.

	Nine Mon	ths Ended Septemb	er 30, 2021	Nine Mon	oer 30, 2020				
		(In millions, except volumetric data and price amounts)							
	Volume Settled	Price Spread (1)	Gain (Loss)	Volume Settled	Price Spread (1)	Gain (Loss)			
Natural gas (BBtu)	56.6	\$ (1.01)	\$ (57.2)	50.6	\$ 0.55	\$ 27.7			
NGL (MMgal)	420.0	(0.24)	(99.3)	322.1	0.15	49.7			
Crude oil (MBbl)	1.6	(11.38)	(18.2)	1.4	19.72	27.7			
			<u>\$ (174.7</u>)			\$ 105.1			

(1) The price spread is the differential between the contracted derivative instrument pricing and the price of the corresponding settled commodity transaction.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2021 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

The increase in adjusted gross margin was due to higher realized commodity prices and higher natural gas inlet volumes resulting in increased margin primarily in the Permian, partially offset by lower volumes in the Central region. In the Permian, natural gas inlet volumes increased due to higher production and producer activity, as well as the addition of the Gateway and Heim plants during the third quarters of 2020 and 2021, respectively. In the Badlands and Coastal regions, natural gas inlet volumes were relatively flat, while in the Central region the decrease was due to lower production and continued low producer activity. Total crude oil volumes decreased in the Badlands and the Permian due to lower production.

Operating expenses were higher due to increased activity levels in the Permian and the addition of the Gateway and Heim plants in the third quarters of 2020 and 2021, respectively, which resulted in increased labor costs, materials and chemicals.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

The increase in adjusted gross margin was due to higher realized commodity prices and higher natural gas inlet volumes resulting in higher margin primarily in the Permian, partially offset by the short-term operational disruptions and impacts associated with the major winter storm during the first quarter of 2021. In the Permian, natural gas inlet volumes increased due to higher production, higher producer activity, the addition of the Peregrine and Gateway plants in 2020 and the Heim Plant in the third quarter of 2021. In the Badlands, natural gas inlet volumes were relatively flat, while the decrease in the Central and Coastal regions was due to continued low producer activity. Total crude oil volumes decreased in the Badlands and the Permian due to lower production.

Operating expenses were higher due to increased activity levels in the Permian, the addition of the Peregrine and Gateway plants in 2020 and the Heim Plant in the third quarter of 2021, which resulted in increased labor costs and materials.

Logistics and Transportation Segment

	Th	ee Months End	led Septe	mber 30,				Ν	line Months End	ed Sep	otember 30,			
		2021		2020	2021 vs. 2020		2021		2020		2021 vs. 20		2020	
		(I	n million	s, except operat	ing st	atistics a	nd price	amount	s)					
Operating margin	\$	280.7	\$	280.4	\$	0.3	_	\$	920.5	\$	806.0	\$	114.5	14%
Operating expenses (1)		67.3		61.7		5.6	9%		204.1		196.8		7.3	4%
Adjusted gross margin (1)	\$	348.0	\$	342.1	\$	5.9	2%	\$	1,124.6	\$	1,002.8	\$	121.8	12%
Operating statistics MBbl/d (2):														
Pipeline throughput (3)		416.5		300.9		115.6	38%		383.8		273.0		110.8	41%
Fractionation volumes		662.0		589.5		72.5	12%		617.5		598.0		19.5	3%
Export volumes (4)		293.2		308.5		(15.3)	(5%)		305.7		277.2		28.5	10%
NGL sales		857.3		724.1		133.2	18%		881.1		721.6		159.5	22%

- (3) Pipeline throughput represents the total quantity of mixed NGLs delivered by Grand Prix to Mont Belvieu.
- (4) Export volumes represent the quantity of NGL products delivered to third-party customers at our Galena Park Marine Terminal that are destined for international markets.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2021 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

The increase in adjusted gross margin was primarily due to higher pipeline transportation and fractionation volumes, partially offset by lower LPG export volumes and lower marketing margin. Pipeline transportation and fractionation volumes benefited from higher supply volumes primarily from our Permian Gathering and Processing systems. LPG export volumes were lower due to reduced short-term loading capacity as a result of repairs and maintenance that were completed in the third quarter of 2021. Marketing margin decreased due to fewer optimization opportunities.

Operating expenses were higher due to higher repairs and maintenance, increased system throughput expenses and higher ad valorem taxes primarily due to system expansions, partially offset by cost reduction measures and the sale of assets in Channelview, Texas, in 2020.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

The increase in adjusted gross margin was primarily due to higher pipeline transportation and fractionation volumes that benefited from higher supply volumes from our Permian Gathering and Processing systems, partially offset by short-term operational disruptions and impacts associated with the major winter storm during the first quarter of 2021. Other drivers included higher marketing margin due to greater optimization opportunities and higher LPG export volumes, partially offset by lower LPG export terminal fees.

Operating expenses were higher due to higher repairs and maintenance, increased system throughput expenses and higher ad valorem taxes primarily due to system expansions, partially offset by cost reduction measures and the sale of assets in Channelview, Texas, in 2020.

Other

	Three	Three Months Ended September 30,					ember 30,					
	2	021		2020	20	21 vs. 2020		2021		2020	202	1 vs. 2020
						(In mil	lions)					
Operating margin	\$	13.5	\$	88.6	\$	(75.1)	\$	(55.6)	\$	215.9	\$	(271.5)
Gross margin	\$	13.5	\$	88.6	\$	(75.1)	\$	(55.6)	\$	215.9	\$	(271.5)

Other contains the results of commodity derivative activity mark-to-market gains/losses related to derivative contracts that were not designated as cash flow hedges. We have entered into derivative instruments to hedge the commodity price associated with a portion of our future commodity purchases and sales and natural gas transportation basis risk within our Logistics and Transportation segment. See further details of our risk management program in "Item 3. – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk."

Our Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2021, inclusive of our consolidated joint venture accounts, we had \$228.6 million of "Cash and cash equivalents" on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We believe our cash positions, our cash flows from operating activities, our free cash flow after dividends and remaining borrowing capacity on our credit facilities (discussed below in "Short-term Liquidity") are adequate to allow us to manage our day-to-day cash requirements and anticipated obligations as discussed further below.

Our liquidity and capital resources are managed on a consolidated basis. We have the ability to access the Partnership's liquidity, subject to the limitations set forth in the Partnership Agreement and any restrictions contained in the covenants of the Partnership's debt agreements, as well as the ability to contribute capital to the Partnership, subject to any restrictions contained in the covenants of our debt agreements.

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in 2021, we reclassified certain fuel and power costs previously included in Operating expenses to Product purchases and fuel to better reflect the direct relationship of these costs to our revenue-generating activities and align with our evaluation of the performance of the business.

⁽²⁾ Segment operating statistics include intersegment amounts, which have been eliminated from the consolidated presentation. For all volume statistics presented, the numerator is the total volume sold during the period and the denominator is the number of calendar days during the period.

On a consolidated basis, our ability to finance our operations, including funding capital expenditures and acquisitions, meeting our indebtedness obligations, refinancing or repaying our indebtedness, meeting our collateral requirements and to pay dividends declared by our board of directors will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future. Our ability to generate cash is subject to a number of factors, some of which are beyond our control. These include commodity prices and ongoing efforts to manage operating costs and maintenance capital expenditures, as well as general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors. For additional discussion on recent factors impacting our liquidity and capital resources, please see "Recent Developments."

We are entitled to the entirety of distributions made by the Partnership on its equity interests. The actual amount we declare as distributions depends on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations, cash flow, the level of our capital expenditures, future business prospects, compliance with our debt covenants and any other matters that our board of directors deems relevant.

The Partnership's debt agreements may restrict or prohibit the payment of distributions if the Partnership is in default or threat of default. If the Partnership cannot make distributions to us, we may be limited in our ability, or unable, to pay dividends on our common stock or Series A Preferred shares. In addition, so long as any of our Series A Preferred shares are outstanding, certain common stock distribution limitations exist.

On a consolidated basis, our main sources of liquidity and capital resources are internally generated cash flows from operations, borrowings under the TRC Revolver, the TRP Revolver, and the Partnership's Securitization Facility and access to debt and equity capital markets. We supplement these sources of liquidity with joint venture arrangements and proceeds from asset sales. For companies involved in hydrocarbon production, transportation and other oil and gas related services, the capital markets have experienced and may continue to experience volatility. Our exposure to adverse credit conditions includes our credit facilities, cash investments, hedging abilities, customer performance risks and counterparty performance risks.

Short-term Liquidity

Our short-term liquidity on a consolidated basis as of October 29, 2021, was:

			October 29, 2021	
	TRC		TRP	Consolidated Total
			(In millions)	
Cash on hand (1)	\$ 26.4	\$	280.7	\$ 307.1
Total availability under the TRC Revolver	670.0		—	670.0
Total availability under the TRP Revolver			2,200.0	2,200.0
Total availability under the Partnership's Securitization Facility			400.0	400.0
	 696.4		2,880.7	 3,577.1
Less: Outstanding borrowings under the TRC Revolver			—	
Outstanding borrowings under the TRP Revolver			—	
Outstanding borrowings under the Partnership's Securitization Facility			(400.0)	(400.0)
Outstanding letters of credit under the TRP Revolver			(48.8)	(48.8)
Total liquidity	\$ 696.4	\$	2,431.9	\$ 3,128.3
		-		

(1) Includes cash held in our consolidated joint venture accounts.

Other potential capital resources associated with our existing arrangements include:

- Our right to request an additional \$200 million in commitment increases under the TRC Revolver, subject to the terms therein. The TRC Revolver matures on June 29, 2023.
- Our right to request an additional \$500 million in commitment increases under the TRP Revolver, subject to the terms therein. The TRP Revolver matures on June 29, 2023.

On April 21, 2021, we amended the Partnership's Securitization Facility to increase the facility size from \$350.0 million to \$400.0 million to more closely align with our expectations for borrowing needs given current commodity prices and to extend the facility termination date to April 21, 2022.

A portion of our capital resources are allocated to letters of credit to satisfy certain counterparty credit requirements. These letters of credit reflect our noninvestment grade status, as assigned to us by Fitch, Moody's and S&P. They also reflect certain counterparties' views of our financial condition and ability to satisfy our performance obligations, as well as commodity prices and other factors.



Working Capital

Working capital is the amount by which current assets exceed current liabilities. On a consolidated basis, at the end of any given month, accounts receivable and payable tied to commodity sales and purchases are relatively balanced, with receivables from customers being offset by plant settlements payable to producers. The factors that typically cause overall variability in our reported total working capital are: (i) our cash position; (ii) liquids inventory levels and valuation, which we closely manage; (iii) changes in payables and accruals related to major growth capital projects; (iv) changes in the fair value of the current portion of derivative contracts; (v) monthly swings in borrowings under the Partnership's Securitization Facility; and (vi) major structural changes in our asset base or business operations, such as certain organic growth capital projects and acquisitions or divestitures.

Working capital as of September 30, 2021 decreased \$555.9 million compared to December 31, 2020. The decrease was primarily due to higher product purchases payable as a result of higher commodity prices and an increase in the current liability position of our derivative contracts, partially offset by higher receivables resulting from higher commodity prices and an increase in NGLs inventory.

Based on our anticipated levels of operations and absent any disruptive events, we believe that our internally generated cash flow, borrowings available under the TRC Revolver, the TRP Revolver and the Partnership's Securitization Facility and proceeds from debt and equity offerings, as well as joint ventures and/or asset sales, should provide sufficient resources to finance our operations, capital expenditures, long-term debt obligations, collateral requirements and quarterly cash dividends for at least the next twelve months.

Long-term Financing

Our long-term financing consists of potentially raising funds through long-term debt obligations, the issuance of common stock, preferred stock, or joint venture arrangements.

In 2019, we closed on the sale of a 45% interest in Targa Badlands LLC to GSO Capital Partners and Blackstone Tactical Opportunities. Targa Badlands LLC is a discrete entity and the assets and credit of Targa Badlands LLC are not available to satisfy the debts and other obligations of Targa or its other subsidiaries.

In February 2021, the Partnership issued \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 4% Senior Notes due 2032 (the "4% Notes"), resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$991 million. A portion of the net proceeds from the issuance were used to fund the February Tender Offer and subsequent redemption payment for the 5½% Notes, with the remainder used for repayment of borrowings under the TRP Revolver and TRC Revolver. As a result of the February Tender Offer and the subsequent redemption of the 5½% Notes, we recorded a loss due to debt extinguishment of \$14.9 million comprised of \$12.5 million of premiums paid and a write-off of \$2.4 million of debt issuance costs.

Additionally, TPL redeemed all of the outstanding TPL Notes on February 22, 2021 with available liquidity under the TRP Revolver. As a result of the redemptions of the TPL Notes, we recorded a gain due to debt extinguishment of \$0.2 million.

The Partnership redeemed all of the outstanding 4¼% Notes on May 17, 2021 with available liquidity under the TRP Revolver. As a result of the redemption of the 4¼% Notes, we recorded a loss due to debt extinguishment of \$1.9 million.

We or the Partnership may retire or purchase various series of our outstanding debt through cash purchases and/or exchanges for other debt, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Additionally, we may redeem all or a portion of our Series A Preferred shares in the future pursuant to its terms or repurchase Series A Preferred shares in privately negotiated transactions. Such repurchases, exchanges or redemptions, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

On April 21, 2021, we amended the Securitization Facility to increase the facility size from \$350.0 million to \$400.0 million to more closely align with our expectations for borrowing needs given current commodity prices and to extend the facility termination date to April 21, 2022.

To date, our debt balances and our subsidiaries' debt balances have not adversely affected our operations, ability to grow or ability to repay or refinance indebtedness. For additional information about our debt-related transactions, see Note 5 - Debt Obligations to our consolidated financial statements. For information about our interest rate risk, see "Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk—Interest Rate Risk."

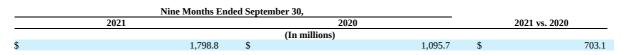


Compliance with Debt Covenants

As of September 30, 2021, both we and the Partnership were in compliance with the covenants contained in our various debt agreements.

Cash Flow

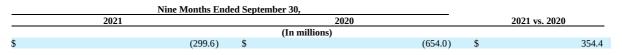
Cash Flows from Operating Activities



The primary drivers of cash flows from operating activities are (i) the collection of cash from customers from the sale of NGLs and natural gas, as well as fees for processing, gathering, export, fractionation, terminaling, storage and transportation, (ii) the payment of amounts related to the purchase of NGLs, natural gas and crude oil (iii) changes in payables and accruals related to major growth capital projects; and (iv) the payment of other expenses, primarily field operating costs, general and administrative expense and interest expense. In addition, we use derivative instruments to manage our exposure to commodity price risk. Changes in the prices of the commodities we hedge impact our derivative settlements as well as our margin deposit requirements on unsettled futures contracts.

Net cash provided by operations increased in 2021 compared to 2020 primarily due to higher collections from customers, partially offset by higher payments for product purchases and fuel and hedge transactions.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities



Cash used in investing activities decreased in 2021 compared to 2020, primarily due to lower outlays for property, plant and equipment of \$481.5 million, resulting from the completion of additional fractionation trains in Mont Belvieu, Texas (collectively, "Trains 7 and 8"), the LPG export expansion, the Grand Prix Central Oklahoma extension, and the Gateway and Peregrine plants and additional processing plants and associated infrastructure in the Permian Basin in 2020, partially offset by higher proceeds from the sale of business and assets of \$128.0 million including from the sale of our Delaware crude system in 2020.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

		nber 30,		
		2021		2020
Source of Financing Activities, net				
Debt, including financing costs	\$	(996.0)	\$	130.1
Contributions from (distributions to) noncontrolling interests		(364.1)		(277.3)
Dividends and distributions		(140.2)		(345.1)
Other		(13.1)		(5.5)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$	(1,513.4)	\$	(497.8)

In 2021, net cash used in financing activities is primarily due to repayments of debt, including repayment of borrowings under the TRP Revolver and TRC Revolver and the redemptions of the 5¹/₈% Notes, TPL Notes and 4¹/₄% Notes, net distributions to noncontrolling interests and payments of dividends to our common and Series A Preferred shareholders, partially offset by borrowings, including the issuance of the 4% Notes.

In 2020, net cash used in financing activities is primarily due to payments of dividends to our common and Series A Preferred shareholders, and net distributions to noncontrolling interests, partially offset by a net increase of debt outstanding. Our debt outstanding increased due to net borrowings under our credit facilities, partially offset by redemptions and repurchases of a portion of the outstanding senior notes of the Partnership.



Common Stock Dividends

The following table details the dividends on common stock declared and/or paid by us for the nine months ended September 30, 2021:

Three Months Ended	Date Paid or To Be Paid		common s Declared	Amount of Dividend To Be	s Paid or	Accrued Dividends (1)	_	Dividends Declared er Share of Common Stock
	(1	n millions, exce	pt per share a	mounts)				
September 30, 2021	November 15, 2021	\$	23.3	\$	22.9	\$ 0.4	\$	0.10000
June 30, 2021	August 16, 2021		23.3		22.9	0.4		0.10000
March 31, 2021	May 14, 2021		23.3		22.9	0.4		0.10000
December 31, 2020	February 16, 2021		23.3		22.9	0.4		0.10000

(1) Represents accrued dividends on restricted stock and restricted stock units that are payable upon vesting.

Preferred Stock Dividends

Our Series A Preferred has a liquidation value of \$1,000 per share and bears a cumulative 9.5% fixed dividend payable quarterly 45 days after the end of each fiscal quarter.

Cash dividends of \$65.5 million were paid to holders of the Series A Preferred during the nine months ended September 30, 2021. As of September 30, 2021, cash dividends accrued for our Series A Preferred were \$21.8 million, which will be paid on November 12, 2021.

Capital Expenditures

The following table details cash outlays for capital projects for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020:

	 Nine Months End	led Septem	ber 30,
	 2021		2020
	 (In m	illions)	
Capital expenditures:			
Growth (1)	\$ 238.1	\$	542.6
Maintenance (2)	78.4		67.7
Gross capital expenditures	316.5		610.3
Transfers from materials and supplies inventory to property, plant and equipment	(2.4)		(1.9)
Change in capital project payables and accruals, net	7.5		(1.9) 194.7
Cash outlays for capital projects	\$ 321.6	\$	803.1

(1) Growth capital expenditures, net of contributions from noncontrolling interests and including net contributions to investments in unconsolidated affiliates, were \$227.9 million and

\$518.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

(2) Maintenance capital expenditures, net of contributions from noncontrolling interests, were \$72.9 million and \$66.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

We currently estimate that in 2021 we will invest approximately \$350 to \$450 million in net growth capital expenditures for announced projects. Future growth capital expenditures may vary based on investment opportunities. We expect that 2021 maintenance capital expenditures, net of noncontrolling interests, will be approximately \$120 million.

Total growth capital expenditures were lower for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020 due to lower spending on growth capital investments, as a significant portion of our major projects began full service in 2020, including Trains 7 and 8, the LPG export expansion, the Grand Prix Central Oklahoma extension, and the Gateway and Peregrine plants and additional processing plants and associated infrastructure in the Permian Basin. Total maintenance capital expenditures were higher for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to timing of maintenance projects.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2021, there were \$65.7 million in surety bonds outstanding related to various performance obligations. These are in place to support various performance obligations as required by (i) statutes within the regulatory jurisdictions where we operate and (ii) counterparty support. Obligations under these surety bonds are not normally called, as we typically comply with the underlying performance requirement.



Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Our principal market risks are our exposure to changes in commodity prices, particularly to the prices of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil, changes in interest rates, as well as nonperformance by our customers.

Risk Management

We evaluate counterparty risks related to our commodity derivative contracts and trade credit. All of our commodity derivatives are with major financial institutions or major energy companies. Should any of these financial counterparties not perform, we may not realize the benefit of some of our hedges under lower commodity prices, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. We sell our natural gas, NGLs and condensate to a variety of purchasers. Non-performance by a trade creditor could result in losses.

Crude oil, NGL and natural gas prices are volatile. In an effort to reduce the variability of our cash flows, we have entered into derivative instruments to hedge the commodity price associated with a portion of our expected natural gas, NGL and condensate equity volumes, future commodity purchases and sales, and transportation basis risk through 2025. Market conditions may also impact our ability to enter into future commodity derivative contracts.

Commodity Price Risk

A portion of our revenues are derived from percent-of-proceeds contracts under which we receive a portion of the proceeds from the sale of commodities as payment for services. The prices of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil are subject to fluctuations in response to changes in supply, demand, market uncertainty and a variety of additional factors beyond our control. We monitor these risks and enter into hedging transactions designed to mitigate the impact of commodity price fluctuations on our business. Cash flows from a derivative instrument designated as a hedge are classified in the same category as the cash flows from the item being hedged.

The primary purpose of our commodity risk management activities is to hedge some of the exposure to commodity price risk and reduce fluctuations in our operating cash flow due to fluctuations in commodity prices. In an effort to reduce the variability of our cash flows, as of September 30, 2021, we have hedged the commodity price associated with a portion of our expected (i) natural gas, NGL, and condensate equity volumes in our Gathering and Processing operations that result from our percent-of-proceeds processing arrangements, (ii) future commodity purchases and sales in our Logistics and Transportation segment and (iii) natural gas transportation basis risk in our Logistics and Transportation segment. We hedge a higher percentage of our expected equity volumes in the current year compared to future years, for which we hedge incrementally lower percentages of expected equity volumes. We also enter into commodity financial instruments to help manage other short-term commodity-related business risks of our ongoing operations and in conjunction with marketing opportunities available to us in the operations of our logistics and transportation assets. With swaps, we typically receive an agreed fixed price for a specified notional quantity of commodities and we pay the hedge counterparty a floating price for that same quantity based upon published index prices. Since we receive from our customers substantially the same floating index price for the volumes hedged to effectively lock-in the agreed fixed price in advance for the volumes hedged. In order to avoid having a greater volume hedged thus our actual equity volumes, we typically limit our use of swaps to hedge the prices of less than our expected equity prices in the future by entering into derivative transactions using swaps, collars, purchased puts (or floors), futures or other derivative instruments as market conditions permit.

When entering into new hedges, we intend to generally match the NGL product composition and the NGL and natural gas delivery points to those of our physical equity volumes. The NGL hedges cover specific NGL products based upon the expected equity NGL composition. We believe this strategy avoids uncorrelated risks resulting from employing hedges on crude oil or other petroleum products as "proxy" hedges of NGL prices. The fair value of our natural gas and NGL hedges are based on published index prices for delivery at various locations, which closely approximate the actual natural gas and NGL delivery points. A portion of our condensate sales are hedged using crude oil hedges that are based on the NYMEX futures contracts for West Texas Intermediate light, sweet crude.

A majority of these commodity price hedges are documented pursuant to a standard International Swap Dealers Association form with customized credit and legal terms. The principal counterparties (or, if applicable, their guarantors) have investment grade credit ratings. Our payment obligations in connection with substantially all of these hedging transactions and any additional credit exposure due to a rise in commodity prices relative to the fixed prices set forth in the hedges are secured by a first priority lien in the collateral securing the Partnership's senior secured indebtedness that ranks equal in right of payment with liens granted in favor of the Partnership's senior secured lenders. Absent federal regulations resulting from the Dodd-Frank Act, and as long as this first priority lien is in effect, we expect to have no obligation to post cash, letters of credit or other additional collateral to secure these hedges at any time, even if a counterparty's exposure to our credit increases over the term of the hedge as a result of higher commodity prices or because there has been a change in our creditworthiness. A purchased put (or floor) transaction does not expose our counterparties to credit risk, as we have no obligation to make future payments beyond the premium paid to enter into the transaction; however, we are exposed to the risk of default by the counterparty, which is the risk that the counterparty will not honor its obligation under the put transaction.

We also enter into commodity price hedging transactions using futures contracts on futures exchanges. Exchange traded futures are subject to exchange margin requirements, so we may have to increase our cash deposit due to a rise in natural gas, NGL or crude oil prices. Unlike bilateral hedges, we are not subject to counterparty credit risks when using futures on futures exchanges.

These contracts may expose us to the risk of financial loss in certain circumstances. Generally, our hedging arrangements provide us protection on the hedged volumes if prices decline below the prices at which these hedges are set. If prices rise above the prices at which they have been hedged, we will receive less revenue on the hedged volumes than we would receive in the absence of hedges (other than with respect to purchased calls).

To analyze the risk associated with our derivative instruments, we utilize a sensitivity analysis. The sensitivity analysis measures the change in fair value of our derivative instruments based on a hypothetical 10% change in the underlying commodity prices, but does not reflect the impact that the same hypothetical price movement would have on the related hedged items. The financial statement impact on the fair value of a derivative instrument resulting from a change in commodity price would normally be offset by a corresponding gain or loss on the hedged item under hedge accounting. The fair values of our derivative instruments are also influenced by changes in market volatility for option contracts and the discount rates used to determine the present values.

The following table shows the effect of hypothetical price movements on the estimated fair value of our derivative instruments as of September 30, 2021:

	Fair Value		Result of 10%	Price Decrease	Result of 109	% Price Increase
Natural gas	\$	(140.3)	\$	(93.7)	\$	(186.9)
NGLs		(334.8)		(251.2)		(418.4)
Crude oil		(52.3)		(33.4)		(71.2)
Total	\$	(527.4)	\$	(378.3)	\$	(676.5)

The table above contains all derivative instruments outstanding as of the stated date for the purpose of hedging commodity price risk, which we are exposed to due to our equity volumes and future commodity purchases and sales, as well as basis differentials related to our gas transportation arrangements.

Our operating revenues increased (decreased) by (\$83.7) million and \$109.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 and (\$328.6) million and \$337.3 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, as a result of transactions accounted for as derivatives. The estimated fair value of our risk management position has moved from a net liability position of (\$51.2) million at December 31, 2020 to a net liability position of (\$527.4) million at September 30, 2021. Forward commodity prices have moved unfavorably relative to the fixed prices on our derivative contracts, creating this net liability position.

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to the risk of changes in interest rates, primarily as a result of variable rate borrowings under the TRC Revolver, the TRP Revolver and the Securitization Facility. As of September 30, 2021, we do not have any interest rate hedges. However, we may enter into interest rate hedges in the future with the intent to mitigate the impact of changes in interest rates on cash flows. To the extent that interest rates increase, interest expense for the TRC Revolver, the TRP Revolver and the Securitization Facility will also increase. As of September 30, 2021, the Partnership had \$340.0 million in outstanding variable rate borrowings under the Securitization Facility and we had no borrowings under the TRP Revolver and TRC Revolver. A hypothetical change of 100 basis points in the rate of our variable interest rate debt would impact the Partnership's and our consolidated annual interest expense by \$3.4 million based on our September 30, 2021 debt balances.

Counterparty Credit Risk

We are subject to risk of losses resulting from nonpayment or nonperformance by our counterparties. The credit exposure related to commodity derivative instruments is represented by the fair value of the asset position (i.e. the fair value of expected future receipts) at the reporting date. Our futures contracts have limited credit risk since they are cleared through an exchange and are margined daily. Should the creditworthiness of one or more of the counterparties decline, our ability to mitigate nonperformance risk is limited to a counterparty agreeing to either a voluntary termination and subsequent cash settlement or a novation of the derivative contract to a third party. In the event of a counterparty default, we may sustain a loss and our cash receipts could be negatively impacted. We have master netting provisions in the International Swap Dealers Association agreements with our derivative counterparties. These netting provisions allow us to net settle asset and liability positions with the same counterparties within the same Targa entity, and would reduce our maximum loss due to counterparty credit risk by \$9.1 million as of September 30, 2021. The range of losses attributable to our individual counterparties as of September 30, 2021 would be between \$9.4 million and \$10.8 million, depending on the counterparty in default.

Customer Credit Risk

We extend credit to customers and other parties in the normal course of business. We have established various procedures to manage our credit exposure, including performing initial and subsequent credit risk analyses, setting maximum credit limits and terms and requiring credit enhancements when necessary. We use credit enhancements including (but not limited to) letters of credit, prepayments, parental guarantees and rights of offset to limit credit risk to ensure that our established credit criteria are followed and financial loss is mitigated or minimized.

We have an active credit management process, which is focused on controlling loss exposure due to bankruptcies or other liquidity issues of counterparties. Our allowance for doubtful accounts was \$3.6 million and \$0.1 million as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020. Changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts were not material for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021.

No customer comprised 10% or greater of our consolidated revenues during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021. No customer comprised 10% or greater of our consolidated revenues during the three months ended September 30, 2020. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, sales of commodities and fees from midstream services provided to Petredec (Europe) Limited comprised approximately 10% of our consolidated revenues.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the design and effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") as of the end of the period covered in this Quarterly Report. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of September 30, 2021, the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and (ii) accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting, during our most recent fiscal quarter.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

On December 26, 2018, Vitol Americas Corp. ("Vitol") filed a lawsuit in the 80th District Court of Harris County, Texas against Targa Channelview LLC, then a subsidiary of the Company ("Targa Channelview"), seeking recovery of \$129.0 million in payments made to Targa Channelview, additional monetary damages, attorneys' fees and costs. Vitol alleges that Targa Channelview breached an agreement, dated December 27, 2015, for crude oil and condensate between Targa Channelview and Noble Americas Corp. (the "Splitter Agreement"), which provided for Targa Channelview to construct a crude oil and condensate splitter (the "Splitter") adjacent to a barge dock owned by Targa Channelview to provide services contemplated by the Splitter Agreement claiming that Targa Channelview failed to timely achieve start-up of the Splitter. Vitol's lawsuit also alleges Targa Channelview made a series of misrepresentations about the capability of the barge dock that would service crude oil and condensate volumes to be processed by the Splitter and Splitter products. Vitol seeks return of \$129.0 million in payments made to Targa Channelview prior to the start-up of the Splitter, as well as additional damages. On the same date that Vitol filed its lawsuit, Targa Channelview filed a lawsuit against Vitol seeking a judicial determination that Vitol's sole and exclusive remedy was Vitol's voluntarily termination of the Splitter Agreement and, as a result, Vitol was not entitled to the return of any prior payments under the Splitter Agreement or other damages as alleged. Targa also seeks recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs in the lawsuit.

On October 15, 2020, the District Court awarded Vitol \$129.0 million (plus interest) following a bench trial. In addition, the District Court awarded Vitol \$10.5 million in damages for losses and demurrage on crude oil that Vitol purchased for start-up efforts. The Company has filed an appeal challenging the award, and the appeal is currently pending in the Fourteenth Court of Appeals in Houston, Texas.

In October 2020, we sold Targa Channelview but, under the agreements governing the sale, we retained the liabilities associated with the Vitol proceedings.

Additional information required for this item is provided in Note 13 – Contingencies, under the heading "Legal Proceedings" included in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included under Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report, which is incorporated by reference into this item.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

For an in-depth discussion of our risk factors, see "Part I—Item 1A. Risk Factors" of our Annual Report in addition to the risk factor discussed below. All of these risks and uncertainties, including those risks discussed below, could adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or results of operations.

Weather may limit our ability to operate our business and could adversely affect our operating results.

The weather in the areas in which we operate can cause disruptions and in some cases suspension of our operations and development activities. Unseasonably wet weather, extended periods of below freezing weather, or hurricanes may cause a loss of throughput from temporary cessation of activities or lost or damaged equipment. For example, the recent winter storms in February 2021 adversely affected Targa's operations and the operations and financial condition of some energy companies, including some of our counterparties. As a result of the winter storms, certain companies have declared force majeure under commercial agreements or have defaulted (or may default) on payment obligations. Our planning for normal climatic variation, insurance programs and emergency recovery plans may inadequately mitigate the effects of such weather conditions in the future, and not all such effects can be predicted, eliminated or insured against. Some forecasters expect that potential climate changes may have significant physical effects, such as increased frequency and severity of storms, floods and other climatic events and could have a material adverse effect on our operations. Any unusual or prolonged severe weather or increased frequency thereof, such as freezing weather or rain, earthquakes, hurricanes, droughts, or floods in our or our customers' areas of operations or markets, whether due to climate change or otherwise, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

None.

Period	Total number of shares purchased (1)	Ave	erage price per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans (2)	valu	ximum approximate dollar ie of shares that may yet be rchased under the plan (in thousands) (2)
July 1, 2021 - July 31, 2021	273	\$	42.11		\$	408,499.4
August 1, 2021 - August 31, 2021	107,719	\$	42.13	—	\$	408,499.4
September 1, 2021 - September 30, 2021		\$	_	_	\$	408,499.4

 Represents shares that were withheld by us to satisfy tax withholding obligations of certain of our officers, directors and key employees that arose upon the lapse of restrictions on restricted stock.

In the fourth quarter of 2020, our board of directors approved the Share Repurchase Program for the repurchase of up to \$500 million of our outstanding common stock. We may discontinue the Share Repurchase Program at any time and are not obligated to repurchase any specific dollar amount or number of shares.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Number Description

- 3.1 <u>Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Targa Resources Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Targa Resources Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 16, 2010 (File No. 001-34991)).</u>
- 3.2 <u>Certificate of Amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Targa Resources Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Targa Resources Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 26, 2021 (File No. 001-34991)).</u>
- 3.3 <u>Certificate of Designations of Series A Preferred Stock of Targa Resources Corp., filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on March 16, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Targa Resources Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed March 17, 2016 (File No. 001-34991)).</u>
- 3.4 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Targa Resources Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Targa Resources Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 16, 2010 (File No. 001-34991)).
- 3.5 First Amendment to the Amended and Restated Bylaws of Targa Resources Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Targa Resources Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 15, 2016 (File No. 001-34991)).
- 4.1 <u>Specimen Common Stock Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Targa Resources Corp.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed November 12, 2010 (File No. 333-169277)).</u>
- 10.1* Supplemental Indenture dated September 17, 2021 to Indenture dated October 6, 2016 among the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, Targa Resources Partners LP, Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation, the other Subsidiary Guarantors and U.S. Bank National Association.
- 10.2* Supplemental Indenture dated September 17, 2021 to Indenture dated October 17, 2017 among the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, Targa Resources Partners LP, Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation, the other Subsidiary Guarantors and U.S. Bank National Association.
- 10.3* Supplemental Indenture dated September 17, 2021 to Indenture dated April 12, 2018 among the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, Targa Resources Partners LP, Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation, the other Subsidiary Guarantors and U.S. Bank National Association.
- 10.4*
 Supplemental Indenture dated September 17, 2021 to Indenture dated January 17, 2019 among the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, Targa Resources

 Partners LP, Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation, the other Subsidiary Guarantors and U.S. Bank National Association.

- Number
 Description

 10.5*
 Supplemental Indenture dated September 17, 2021 to Indenture dated November 27, 2019 among the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, Targa Resources Partners LP, Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation, the other Subsidiary Guarantors and U.S. Bank National Association.
 - 10.6* Supplemental Indenture dated September 17, 2021 to Indenture dated August 18, 2020 among the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, Targa Resources Partners LP, Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation, the other Subsidiary Guarantors and U.S. Bank National Association.
 - 10.7* Supplemental Indenture dated September 17, 2021 to Indenture dated February 2, 2021 among the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, Targa Resources Partners LP, Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation, the other Subsidiary Guarantors and U.S. Bank National Association.
 - 31.1* Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 31.2* Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 32.1** Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 32.2** Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 101.INS* Inline XBRL Instance Document The instance document does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
- 101.SCH* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- 104* The cover page from this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2021, formatted in Inline XBRL (included with Exhibit 101 attachments).

Filed herewith

** Furnished herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Targa Resources Corp. (Registrant)

By: <u>/s/ Jennifer R. Kneale</u> Jennifer R. Kneale Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

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Date: November 4, 2021

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

Supplemental Indenture (this "*Supplemental Indenture*"), dated as of September 17, 2021, among the party identified under the caption "Guaranteeing Subsidiary" on the signature page hereto (the "*Guaranteeing Subsidiary*"), Targa Resources Partners LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("*Targa Resources Partners*"), and Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation (together with Targa Resources Partners, the "*Issuers*"), the other Guarantors (as defined in the Indenture referred to herein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee under the Indenture referred to below (the "*Trustee*").

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the Issuers have heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee an indenture (the "*Indenture*"), dated as of October 6, 2016 providing for the issuance of 5 1/8% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "*Extinguished Notes*") and 5 3/8% Senior Notes due 2027 (the "*Notes*");

WHEREAS, the Extinguished Notes were redeemed in February 2021;

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Issuers' Obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein (the "*Note Guarantee*"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee is authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Trustee mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of the Notes as follows:

1. <u>Capitalized Terms</u>. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

2. <u>Agreement to Guarantee</u>. The Guaranteeing Subsidiary hereby agrees to provide an unconditional Guarantee on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Indenture including but not limited to Article 10 thereof.

3. <u>No Recourse Against Others</u>. No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, stockholder or agent of the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Issuers or the Guaranteeing Subsidiary under the Notes, any Note Guarantees, the Indenture or this Supplemental Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder of the Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes.

4. <u>NEW YORK LAW TO GOVERN</u>. THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL GOVERN AND BE USED TO CONSTRUE THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE.

5. <u>Counterparts</u>. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement.

6. <u>Effect of Headings</u>. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

7. <u>The Trustee</u>. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Issuers.

Signature pages follow.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed and attested, all as of the date first above written.

GUARANTEEING SUBSIDIARY

LEGEND GAS PIPELINE LLC

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (October 6, 2016 Indenture)

ISSUERS

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS LP By: Targa Resources GP LLC, its general partner

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS FINANCE CORPORATION

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (October 6, 2016 Indenture)

TRUSTEE

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By: <u>/s/ Alejandro</u> <u>Hoyos</u> Authorized Signatory

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (October 6, 2016 Indenture)

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

Supplemental Indenture (this "*Supplemental Indenture*"), dated as of September 17, 2021, among the party identified under the caption "Guaranteeing Subsidiary" on the signature page hereto (the "*Guaranteeing Subsidiary*"), Targa Resources Partners LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("*Targa Resources Partners*"), and Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation (together with Targa Resources Partners, the "*Issuers*"), the other Guarantors (as defined in the Indenture referred to herein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee under the Indenture referred to below (the "*Trustee*").

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the Issuers have heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee an indenture (the "*Indenture*"), dated as of October 17, 2017 providing for the issuance of 5% Senior Notes due 2028 (the "*Notes*");

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Issuers' Obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein (the "*Note Guarantee*"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee is authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Trustee mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of the Notes as follows:

1. <u>Capitalized Terms</u>. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

2. <u>Agreement to Guarantee</u>. The Guaranteeing Subsidiary hereby agrees to provide an unconditional Guarantee on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Indenture including but not limited to Article 10 thereof.

3. <u>No Recourse Against Others</u>. No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, stockholder or agent of the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Issuers or the Guaranteeing Subsidiary under the Notes, any Note Guarantees, the Indenture or this Supplemental Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder of the Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes.

4. <u>NEW YORK LAW TO GOVERN</u>. THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL GOVERN AND BE USED TO CONSTRUE THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE.

5. <u>Counterparts</u>. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement.

6. <u>Effect of Headings</u>. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

7. <u>The Trustee</u>. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Issuers.

Signature pages follow.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed and attested, all as of the date first above written.

GUARANTEEING SUBSIDIARY

LEGEND GAS PIPELINE LLC

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (October 17, 2017 Indenture)

ISSUERS

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS LP By: Targa Resources GP LLC, its general partner

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS FINANCE CORPORATION

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (October 17, 2017 Indenture)

TRUSTEE

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By: <u>/s/ Alejandro</u> <u>Hoyos</u> Authorized Signatory

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (October 17, 2017 Indenture)

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

Supplemental Indenture (this "*Supplemental Indenture*"), dated as of September 17, 2021 among the party identified under the caption "Guaranteeing Subsidiary" on the signature page hereto (the "*Guaranteeing Subsidiary*"), Targa Resources Partners LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("*Targa Resources Partners*"), and Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation (together with Targa Resources Partners, the "*Issuers*"), the other Guarantors (as defined in the Indenture referred to herein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee under the Indenture referred to below (the "*Trustee*").

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the Issuers have heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee an indenture (the "*Indenture*"), dated as of April 12, 2018 providing for the issuance of 5 7/8% Senior Notes due 2026 (the "*Notes*");

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Issuers' Obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein (the "*Note Guarantee*"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee is authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Trustee mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of the Notes as follows:

1. <u>Capitalized Terms</u>. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

2. <u>Agreement to Guarantee</u>. The Guaranteeing Subsidiary hereby agrees to provide an unconditional Guarantee on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Indenture including but not limited to Article 10 thereof.

3. <u>No Recourse Against Others</u>. No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, stockholder or agent of the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Issuers or the Guaranteeing Subsidiary under the Notes, any Note Guarantees, the Indenture or this Supplemental Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder of the Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes.

4. <u>NEW YORK LAW TO GOVERN</u>. THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL GOVERN AND BE USED TO CONSTRUE THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE.

5. <u>Counterparts</u>. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement.

6. <u>Effect of Headings</u>. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

7. <u>The Trustee</u>. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Issuers.

Signature pages follow.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed and attested, all as of the date first above written.

GUARANTEEING SUBSIDIARY

LEGEND GAS PIPELINE LLC

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (April 12, 2018 Indenture)

ISSUERS

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS LP By: Targa Resources GP LLC, its general partner

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS FINANCE CORPORATION

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (April 12, 2018 Indenture)

TRUSTEE

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By: <u>/s/ Alejandro</u> <u>Hoyos</u> Authorized Signatory

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (April 12, 2018 Indenture)

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

Supplemental Indenture (this "*Supplemental Indenture*"), dated as of September 17, 2021, among the party identified under the caption "Guaranteeing Subsidiary" on the signature page hereto (the "*Guaranteeing Subsidiary*"), Targa Resources Partners LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("*Targa Resources Partners*"), and Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation (together with Targa Resources Partners, the "*Issuers*"), the other Guarantors (as defined in the Indenture referred to herein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee under the Indenture referred to below (the "*Trustee*").

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the Issuers have heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee an indenture (the "*Indenture*"), dated as of January 17, 2019 providing for the issuance of 6 1/2% Senior Notes due 2027 and 6 7/8% Senior Notes due 2029 (collectively, the "*Notes*");

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Issuers' Obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein (the "*Note Guarantee*"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee is authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Trustee mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of the Notes as follows:

1. <u>Capitalized Terms</u>. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

2. <u>Agreement to Guarantee</u>. The Guaranteeing Subsidiary hereby agrees to provide an unconditional Guarantee on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Indenture including but not limited to Article 10 thereof.

3. <u>No Recourse Against Others</u>. No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, stockholder or agent of the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Issuers or the Guaranteeing Subsidiary under the Notes, any Note Guarantees, the Indenture or this Supplemental Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder of the Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes.

4. <u>NEW YORK LAW TO GOVERN</u>. THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL GOVERN AND BE USED TO CONSTRUE THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE.

5. <u>Counterparts</u>. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement.

6. <u>Effect of Headings</u>. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

7. <u>The Trustee</u>. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Issuers.

Signature pages follow.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed and attested, all as of the date first above written.

GUARANTEEING SUBSIDIARY

LEGEND GAS PIPELINE LLC

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (January 17, 2019 Indenture)

ISSUERS

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS LP By: Targa Resources GP LLC, its general partner

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS FINANCE CORPORATION

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (January 17, 2019 Indenture)

TRUSTEE

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By: <u>/s/ Alejandro</u> <u>Hoyos</u> Authorized Signatory

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (January 17, 2019 Indenture)

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

Supplemental Indenture (this "*Supplemental Indenture*"), dated as of September 17, 2021, among the party identified under the caption "Guaranteeing Subsidiary" on the signature page hereto (the "*Guaranteeing Subsidiary*"), Targa Resources Partners LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("*Targa Resources Partners*"), and Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation (together with Targa Resources Partners, the "*Issuers*"), the other Guarantors (as defined in the Indenture referred to herein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee under the Indenture referred to below (the "*Trustee*").

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the Issuers have heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee an indenture (the "*Indenture*"), dated as of November 27, 2019 providing for the issuance of 5 1/2% Senior Notes due 2030 (the "*Notes*");

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Issuers' Obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein (the "*Note Guarantee*"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee is authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Trustee mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of the Notes as follows:

1. <u>Capitalized Terms</u>. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

2. <u>Agreement to Guarantee</u>. The Guaranteeing Subsidiary hereby agrees to provide an unconditional Guarantee on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Indenture including but not limited to Article 10 thereof.

3. <u>No Recourse Against Others</u>. No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, stockholder or agent of the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Issuers or the Guaranteeing Subsidiary under the Notes, any Note Guarantees, the Indenture or this Supplemental Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder of the Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes.

4. <u>NEW YORK LAW TO GOVERN</u>. THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL GOVERN AND BE USED TO CONSTRUE THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE.

5. <u>Counterparts</u>. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement.

6. <u>Effect of Headings</u>. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

7. <u>The Trustee</u>. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Issuers.

Signature pages follow.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed and attested, all as of the date first above written.

GUARANTEEING SUBSIDIARY

LEGEND GAS PIPELINE LLC

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (November 27, 2019 Indenture)

ISSUERS

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS LP By: Targa Resources GP LLC, its general partner

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS FINANCE CORPORATION

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (November 27, 2019 Indenture)

TRUSTEE

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By: <u>/s/ Alejandro</u> <u>Hoyos</u> Authorized Signatory

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (November 27, 2019 Indenture)

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

Supplemental Indenture (this "*Supplemental Indenture*"), dated as of September 17, 2021, among the party identified under the caption "Guaranteeing Subsidiary" on the signature page hereto (the "*Guaranteeing Subsidiary*"), Targa Resources Partners LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("*Targa Resources Partners*"), and Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation (together with Targa Resources Partners, the "*Issuers*"), the other Guarantors (as defined in the Indenture referred to herein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee under the Indenture referred to below (the "*Trustee*").

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the Issuers have heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee an indenture (the "*Indenture*"), dated as of August 18, 2020 providing for the issuance of 4 7/8% Senior Notes due 2031 (the "*Notes*");

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Issuers' Obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein (the "*Note Guarantee*"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee is authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Trustee mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of the Notes as follows:

1. <u>Capitalized Terms</u>. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

2. <u>Agreement to Guarantee</u>. The Guaranteeing Subsidiary hereby agrees to provide an unconditional Guarantee on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Indenture including but not limited to Article 10 thereof.

3. <u>No Recourse Against Others</u>. No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, stockholder or agent of the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Issuers or the Guaranteeing Subsidiary under the Notes, any Note Guarantees, the Indenture or this Supplemental Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder of the Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes.

4. <u>NEW YORK LAW TO GOVERN</u>. THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL GOVERN AND BE USED TO CONSTRUE THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE.

5. <u>Counterparts</u>. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement.

6. <u>Effect of Headings</u>. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

7. <u>The Trustee</u>. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Issuers.

Signature pages follow.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed and attested, all as of the date first above written.

GUARANTEEING SUBSIDIARY

LEGEND GAS PIPELINE LLC

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (August 18, 2020 Indenture)

ISSUERS

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS LP By: Targa Resources GP LLC, its general partner

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS FINANCE CORPORATION

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (August 18, 2020 Indenture)

TRUSTEE

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By: <u>/s/ Alejandro</u> <u>Hoyos</u> Authorized Signatory

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (August 18, 2020 Indenture)

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

Supplemental Indenture (this "*Supplemental Indenture*"), dated as of September 17, 2021 among the party identified under the caption "Guaranteeing Subsidiary" on the signature page hereto (the "*Guaranteeing Subsidiary*"), Targa Resources Partners LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("*Targa Resources Partners*"), and Targa Resources Partners Finance Corporation (together with Targa Resources Partners, the "*Issuers*"), the other Guarantors (as defined in the Indenture referred to herein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee under the Indenture referred to below (the "*Trustee*").

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the Issuers have heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee an indenture (the "*Indenture*"), dated as of February 2, 2021 providing for the issuance of 4% Senior Notes due 2032 (the "*Notes*");

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Issuers' Obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein (the "*Note Guarantee*"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee is authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Trustee mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of the Notes as follows:

1. <u>Capitalized Terms</u>. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

2. <u>Agreement to Guarantee</u>. The Guaranteeing Subsidiary hereby agrees to provide an unconditional Guarantee on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Indenture including but not limited to Article 10 thereof.

3. <u>No Recourse Against Others</u>. No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, stockholder or agent of the Guaranteeing Subsidiary, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Issuers or the Guaranteeing Subsidiary under the Notes, any Note Guarantees, the Indenture or this Supplemental Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder of the Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes.

4. <u>NEW YORK LAW TO GOVERN</u>. THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL GOVERN AND BE USED TO CONSTRUE THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE.

5. <u>Counterparts</u>. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement.

6. <u>Effect of Headings</u>. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

7. <u>The Trustee</u>. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by the Guaranteeing Subsidiary and the Issuers.

Signature pages follow.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed and attested, all as of the date first above written.

GUARANTEEING SUBSIDIARY

LEGEND GAS PIPELINE LLC

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (February 2, 2021 Indenture)

ISSUERS

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS LP By: Targa Resources GP LLC, its general partner

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

TARGA RESOURCES PARTNERS FINANCE CORPORATION

By: <u>/s/ Scott</u> <u>Rogan</u> Name: Scott Rogan Title: Senior Vice President – Finance and Treasurer

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (February 2, 2021 Indenture)

TRUSTEE

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By: <u>/s/ Alejandro</u> <u>Hoyos</u> Authorized Signatory

Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (February 2, 2021 Indenture)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) AND RULE 15D-14(A) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED

I, Matthew J. Meloy, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Targa Resources Corp. (the "registrant");

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2021

By: <u>/s/ Matthew J. Meloy</u> Name: Matthew J. Meloy Title: Chief Executive Officer of Targa Resources Corp. (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) AND RULE 15D-14(A) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED

I, Jennifer R. Kneale, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Targa Resources Corp. (the "registrant");

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2021

By: <u>/s/ Jennifer R. Kneale</u> Name: Jennifer R. Kneale Title: Chief Financial Officer of Targa Resources Corp. (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Targa Resources Corp., for the three months ended September 30, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Matthew J. Meloy, as Chief Executive Officer of Targa Resources Corp., hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to his knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Targa Resources Corp.

By: <u>/s/ Matthew J. Meloy</u> Name: Matthew J. Meloy Title: Chief Executive Officer of Targa Resources Corp.

Date: November 4, 2021

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Targa and will be retained by Targa and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Targa Resources Corp. for the three months ended September 30, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Jennifer R. Kneale, as Chief Financial Officer of Targa Resources Corp., hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to her knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Targa Resources Corp.

By: <u>/s/ Jennifer R. Kneale</u> Name: Jennifer R. Kneale Title: Chief Financial Officer of Targa Resources Corp.

Date: November 4, 2021

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Targa and will be retained by Targa and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.